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Rifai, Abdul Ghani brief King on Joint

Jordan-N. Yemen Higher Committee

King expresses

satisfaction with

Arafat urges U.N. intervention

NICOSIA (R) - Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat has urged the United Nations and other organisations to intervene immediately to halt Israeli crimes in the occupied territories, the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) radio station said on Saturday. Voice of Palestine Radio, monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation, quoted Arafat as saying that the by the British Broadcasting Corporation, quoted Arafal as saying that the Israeli army had stepped up its "iron-fist" policy, launching a fierce new campaign which had led to dozens of Palestinian casualties in recent days. The PLO chairman said that Palestinians' homes had been blown up and destroyed and schools had been closed. Curfews had continued and starvation imposed on towns, villages and camps, the Algiers-hased radio quoted him as saying. "The brutal actions announced by the Zionist leadership have reached the level of collective punishment and mass brutal action," Arafal said. "Faced by these appalling crimes and oppressive terrorist practices against the sons of our people. I call on the United terrorist practices against the sons of our people. I call on the United Nations, the U.N. Security Council and all humanitarian and political organisations in the world to move immediately to protect our people and to put an end to these Zionist crimes against the sons of the Palestinian people," Arafat said.

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His Majesty King Hussein Saturday confers with North Yemeni Prime Minister Abdul Aziz Abdul Ghani (second from left) in a meeting attended by

Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and North Yemeni Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Iryani (left)

White House.

ceremony that the hard work of

solving America's pressing prob-

lems must begin immediately.

fessed "lousy dancer," made the rounds of 11 black-tie inaugural

balls Friday night before heading

home for his first night in the

World leaders showered Bush

with congratulations as he took

office, with Gorhachev hoping he

would bring peace and Pope John

Paul II wisbing bim "an abund-

The leftist Nicaraguan govern-

ment extended an olive branch

and Arab leaders were optimistic

that Bush would move the United

States away from Reagan's

staunch pro-Israeli position in the

Ooe European oewspaper

hailed the return of pragmatists

to the U.S. government and aoother "The down-to-earth

Bush" over "Reagan the Roman-

er, the Fmancial Times, said

Bush would need some of

his term would bring "stable and

diverse development on relations between our countries," and said

Moscow was ready to work in

that direction, the official news

Gorbachev told Bush he hoped

Reagan's luck.

ance of divine blessings."

The new president, a self-con-

## **Bush says Gorbachev letter** pledges to work for peace

ing about there."

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -President George Bush, getting an early start oo his first full day io office, told reporters Saturday he had received a congratulatory letter-from Mikhail Gorhachev expressing Gorbachev's desire to work for peace.

"He has cootacted me through a nice, very generous letter - a letter pledging, you know, pledging to work for world peace,"
Bush said at a brief question-andanswer session during his firstvisit to the Oval Office as presi-

: Bush, who was sworn in Friday as U.S. leader replacing Rooald Reagan, did not say when he bad received the letter from the Soviet leader -

"Clearly I will respond not only to that communication from Mr. Gorbachev but to expressions of goodwill from all around the last symbolic acts of the \$25world. It's been very heartwarm-

With his frail, 87-year-old mother Dorothy seated beside him, Bush seemed relaxed and io very good spirits during the brief, impromp-

tu news conference. He revealed that a private note Reagan had left in a desk drawer for him was writteo on a notepad inscribed: "Don't let the turkeys

get you down:"

"Nobody here should take personal offence at this at all," he quipped. "This is a broad ecumenical statement... I don't know who he (Reagan) is speak-

Bush held up the notepad, which was illustrated with a cartooo showing a group of turkeys trying to wrestle with an elephant the symbol of Republican

Bush began his first day in charge at the White House by taking ordinary citizens oo a tour of his new official home, reflecting the concern for individuals he

stressed in his inaugural address. He also arranged a private lunch for four geoeratioos of his family including his mother, his five children and 10 grandchil-

Those events were among the million inaugural pageant marking and I want to make sure we ing the handing oo of power from do get these responses out," he Reagan to his former vice-presi-

Oo Saturday morning he was greeted tourists oo the south lawn of the White House before showiog about a dozen of them around the executive mansion.

Basking in the glitter of the most expensive inauguration ever, Bush extended his celebration through the weekend but said during Friday's swearing-in **Amman-Sanaa ties** 

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein received at Al Nadwa Palace Saturday North Yemeni Prime Minister Abdul Aziz Abdul Ghani in the presence of Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, and was hriefed on the work of the Joint Jordanian-North Yemeni Higher Committee and its accomplishments in different fields.

King Hussein voiced satisfaction with the progress in relations between the two countries and emphasised the importance of following up matters designed to bolster bilateral cooperation, the Jordao News Agency, Petra.

The North Yemeni prime minister and Rifai were guests at a lunch hosted by the King. It was also attended by Royal Court Chief Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, the King's political advisor Adnan Abu Odeb, King Hussein's private advisor Amer Khammash, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid, Deputy Prime Mioister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem. Minister of Industry and Trade Hamdi Tahhaa and Minister of Supply Fayez Tarawneh.

The North Yemeni delegation accompanying Abdul Ghani were also present. They include the deputy prime minister and minister of foreign affairs and the ministers of economy and information.

Soon after bis arrival in Amman, Abdul Ghani and the delegation called at the tomb of the late King Abdullah where they recited verses of the Holy Koran and laid wreaths.

They were accompanied on the visit by Minister of Industry and Trade Hamdi Tahbaa.

Upon his arrival, Abdul Ghani was accorded an official welcome ceremony led by Prime Minister Rifai with whom he will co-chair meetings of the Joint Jordanian-North Yemeni Higher Com-

In an arrival statement. Abdul Ghani said that the meeting was bound to contribute to the development of Jordanian-North Yemeni cooperation in all fields.

The higher committee meeting follows several days of talks held here between officials from both sides who prepared for the prime ministers' discussions.

The latest meeting by these officials grouped Foreign Minister Qasem and his Yemeni counterpart Abdul Karim Al Iryani and other officials from both

The meeting resulted in agreement on allowing Jordanian trucks to transport goods to North Yemen directly or to pass through its territory in transit to other states without restrictions.

The two sides also agreed to allow Jordanian and North Yemeni trade centres in Sanaa and Amman to sell oational products worth \$10 million annually and to allow each other the chance to organise trade fairs during 1989 to allow for further sales of oational products.



Prime Minister Zaid Rifai Saturday receives North Yemeni Prime Minister Abdul Aziz Abdul Ghani upon the latter's arrival here to attend meetings of the Joint Jordanian-North Yemeni Higher Committee (Petra photo)

#### Joint committee meets

The Joint Jordanian-North and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Yemeni Higher Committee met Qasem, Minister of Information at the Prime Ministry under the Hani Al Khasawneh, Minister of co-chairmanship of Rifai and Health Zuhair Malhas, Minister Abdul Ghani Saturday evening. of State for Cabinet Affairs Petra said the committee reached Abdul Salam Kanaan, Minister of agreement that Jordan would Planning Taher Kanaan, Minister continue to provide North Ye- of Trade and Industry Hamdi men with Jordanian doctors and Tahbaa and senior officials as that both sides will hold trade well as the Jordanian ambassador fairs in each other's capital and in Sanaa, will be allowed to sell \$5 million On the worth of goods exempt from customs duties to the public. Jordan will also establish a trade centre Minister Abdul Karim Iryani,

The committee meeting was Hamid, the minister of informaattended on the Jordanian side by tion and the North Yemeni Deputy Prime Minister and ambassador to Jordan. Minister of Education Tougan

On the North Yemeoi side, the meeting was attended by Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign in Sanaa to promote Jordanian Minister of Economy and Trade products in North Yemen. Abdul Wahaah Mahmoud Abdul

The committee resumes the Hindawi, Deputy Prime Minister meeting Sunday.

town of Qalqilya stands in the ruins of their

#### **LAST-MINUTE NEWS**

#### Troubled Boeing 757 lands in London

LONDON (R) - A British Airways Boeing 757 jet landed safely at London's Heathrow airport Saturday with one engine shut down in the latest of several incidents connected with Bocing planes this month. The pilot reported problems in mid-air and fire engines and ambulances rushed to the runway as the jet approached. It landed safely and no one was hurt, airport officials said. Engineers were examining the plane, which was on a shuttle flight from Edinburgh with 82 passengers aboard. A British Airways spokeswoman said there had not been a fire or explosion in the engine.

#### Botha to leave hospital but needs rest

CAPE TOWN (AP) - President P.W. Botha will probably be discharged from a hospital next week, but will need six weeks' rest to recover from his stroke, n cabinet minister said Saturday. Health ister Willie van Niekerk, n physician, said in a statement that Boths appeared to have made n remarkably speedy recovery from a stroke he suffered at his home Wednesday.

#### OAU chairman to visit Algeria

ALGIERS (R) - Moussa Traore, president of Mali and current chairman of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), is to pay a two-day state visit to Algeria at the end of January, the AP news agency reported Saturday. The timing of the Jan. 28-30 visit suggested a summit of Maghreb leaders has been put back to February. Media reports have said the leaders of Tunisia, Morocco, Algeria, Mauritatie and Libya would meet in Marrakesh Jan. 30. The OAU and the United Nations have jointly proposed a plan to silence the guns in the Western Sahara desert where Polisario guerrillas have fought Morocco for 13 years for independence for the former Spanish colony.

#### W. German diplomats leave Kabul

BONN (R) - West Germany has evacuated all its remaining diplomats from Kabul amid fears of a security breakdown following the Soviet military withdrawal from Afghanistan, the Foreign Ministry said Saturday. Foreign Ministry spokesman Juergen Chrobog said, however, that Bonn was retaining diplomatic relations with Kabul and the West German embassy would remain open (British warning, page 2). Chrobog said the embassy's communications and other technical functions would be kept running by local personnel.

#### Dali given little chance of survival

FIGUERAS, Spain (R) - Spanish painter Salvador Dali, 84, has little chance of surviving his latest bont of heart and lung illness, his personal doctor said Saturday. Dr. Juan Garcia Sanmiguel said after a visit that the surrealist artist was in critical condition. "He has n Consin a thousand chance of surviving," Garcia said. Dr. Carles Pousati, chief doctor at the small hospital in Dali's hometown of Figueras, said the next 32 bours would be decisive.

#### Dumas arrives in Israel

TEL AVIV (R) - French Foreign Minister Roland Dumas arrived in Israel Saturday for talks with Israeli leaders on prospects for Middle East peace. Israeli officials said the two-day visit was likely to be railing a fact-finding aussion.

## **SWAPO** appeals to U.N.

agency TASS said.

LUSAKA (R) - The Namibian independence movement SWA-PO Saturday appealed to the permanent members of the United Nations Security Council oot to seek a cut in the peacekeeping force which will supervise Namibia's independence.

The information secretary of the South West Africa People's Orgaoisation, Hidipo Hamutenya, urged the five — the Uoited States, Britain, France, the Soviet Union and China not to seek a reduction in the U.N. Transition Assistance Force, originally set at 7,500 strong under Security Council Resolution 435 on Namibian independence, approved in 1978.

We consider it a demonstration of bad faith on the part of those members of the U.N. Security Council like the U.S., the U.K. and France... to renege on things they have already agreed," Hamutenya told a graduation ceremooy for Namibian studeots in the Zambian capital.

SWAPO has fought for more than two decades to end South Africa's occupation of Namibia, which under a U.N. transition plan coming into force April 1 is due to reach independence next November.

The plan will be implemented following peace accords signed by Angola, South Africa and Cuba io New York in December.

Meanwhile, the military commander of U.N. force for Namibia offered to resign over proposals to cut the force, the Angolan news agency Angop reported Quoting a Loodon-based

spokesman for the SWAPO, the Angop report said U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar rejected the resignation Friday of India's General Prem

Moves to cut the peacekeeping unit are opposed by many nonaligned nations, including several black African countries.

## A Palestinian family in the occupied West Bank demolished home. Demolition of Palestinian homes

is increasingly resorted to by the Israeli army in its bid to quell the 13-month-old Palestinian uprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza

## Casualties and arrests mount in occupied lands

tougher measures to quash the

West Bank bospitals say.

Zeit, an alleged Palestioian col-

laborator seized two members of

a group of Arabs who attacked

his bome overnight, villagers

Mahmoud Al Yusuf and his

sons beat one and stabbed the

over. He kept both tied up on the

roof of his house until midday

Saturday, when he let them be

died in the uprising.

uprising.

(Agencies) - Israeli troops killed troops Saturday in protest at a Palestinian watchman and a teenager blew bimself up in mysterious circumstances amid protests in the occupied West Baok Saturday over tougher moves to quell the Palestinian uprising. Palestinian sources said sol-

diers shot Yasser Hamad, 28, by mistake after he fired in the air to disperse Palestinians stoniog the offices of the Israeli-appointed town council in Yatta. An official Israeli source said

the guard had fired at soldiers with an Israeli-made Uzi submachine guo. Troops were patrolling in the

village overnight when shots were fired at them. The troops returned fire and a local man was killed. Details are still being checked," the source said. Gbazzi Iskaffi, 19, was killed in

an explosion at the nearby town of Hebron, appareotly while pre-pariog a bomb, Palestinian sources said. Israeli sources said the circumstances were unclear but explosives experts were examining the sceoe.

A petrol bomb was hurled at an army patrol in Ramallah and hundreds staged demonstrations. Troops arrested at least 100 Palestinians and clamped a curfew on the town centre, sources said. Soldiers in Nablus shot and

wounded a 14-year-old girl during a stone-throwing demonstration there, hospital sources said.

taken to hospital, villagers said.

Troops declared both Bir Zeit and Yatta closed military zones, off-limits to journalists.

Palestinian sources said demonstrators clashed with troops in Betblebem, 'Ain Sultan Palestinian refugee camp near Jericho and the Gaza Strip's Jabalya refugee camp, where soldiers shot and wounded a 60year-old man.

Troops and police with tracker dogs scoured fields and olive groves around the West Bank town of Jenin after three Palestinians escaped from a prison some Underground leaders of the 18 kilometres to the north-west. 13-month-old uprising bas called \ Police said the meo were await-

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM for increased confrontations with ing trial on charges related to the uprising but would give no further details.

In the village of Sakbnin, police arrested 11 activists Friday The army has relaxed rules to let troops fire plastic rounds at night after a meeting in support of Palestinians throwing stones, the Palestinian uprising, Israel burning tyres, blocking roads or Radio reported Saturday. fleeing from soldiers.

Some 700 people attended the The plastic bullets, a supposedrally and when they began to sing ly non-lethal alternative to reguthe Palestinian anthem police lar ammunition, have killed or ordered them to disperse and maimed scores of protesters, arrested those who refused, the radio said. At least 374 Palestinians have

The 11 were all members of the "Sons of the Village" Palestinian In the West Bank village of Bir nationalist movement. Police in neighbouring Shaab

arrested 19 Gazans who had spent the night in the village mosque without a permit, the radio added.

#### Peres wants aprising to end

Israeli Finance Minister Shimon Peres Saturday welcomed Sweden's efforts as a go-between in forging Middle East peace but ruled out any talks with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) until the Palestinian uprising stopped.
"We find it impossible to talk

to people involved in bombs and 'terror'," Peres said after meeting Swedish Prime Minister Ingvar Carlsson in the West German capital.

Peres told reporters after the hour-long meeting that Israel wanted to negotiate directly with the Palestinian people,

After meeting Carlsson, Peres made clear he regarded the PLO as responsible for the uprising. I injured at least eight people.

## **PLO** formally refutes **U.S.** threat charges

TUNIS (R) - The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) made Yasser Arafat threatened to kill a West Bank mayor.

The official PLO spokesman said the campaign against Arafat was flagrant interference in internal Palestinian affairs and designed to cover repressive Israeli measures against the intifada in the occupied

The U.S. State Department said Wednesday it had a tape recording on which Arafat said, "Whoever thinks of stopping the intifada before it achieves its goals, I will give him 10 bullets in the chest."

State Department spokesman Charles Redman interpreted this as a clear threat against Bethlehem Mayor Elias Freij, who had proposed a U.N.-sponsored truce in the occupied territories.

The PLO spokesman, quoted by the PLO news agency WAFA, said: "Mr. Elias Freij is a Palestinian citizen whose rights the PLO and not the United States will protect. The statements by U.S. officials therefore amount to flagrant interference in Palestinian internal affairs, especially as Mr. Elias Freij has already denied being subject to any threat." He added, "The U.S. officials propagating such information are

belping to encourage the Israeli occupation forces in their crimes against our people and are thus trying to cover them.

"While deploring the conduct of this campaign, the PLO bopes that President George Bush, who has just been inaugurated, will push forward the process of peace in the region and oppose the continued occupation of our territory."

PLO officials have said the dispute arose from a misunderstanding of remarks Arafat made in a speech in Rivadh on New Year's Arafat, who had earlier in the evening been criticised for being too

moderate, actually said his own life would be in danger if he tried to call off the intifada, they said. A Palestinian leader in remarks published Saturday called on the United States to put pressure on Israel to accept an international

conference to make peace in the Middle East. "The U.S. opened the dialogue after it was convinced of the PLO's peaceful intentions... it should now exert pressure on Israel to show more flexibility and accept an international conference," PLO Executive Committee member Abdullah Hourani told Al

Bayan newspaper in Tunis. He also said PLO welcomed comments by the new U.S. Secretary

of State James Baker on American dialogue with the group. "The PLO welcomes Baker's comments that the dialogue is not an eod in Itself but that it should contribute to a just settlement in the

Middle East," Hourani was quoted as saying by Al Bayan.

#### Violence mars elections seen crucial for Gandhi

MADRAS, India (R) — Scatlast major test of public opinion before general elections due by the end of the year.

In the southern state of Tamil Nadu, the most critical for Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi and his Congress (1) party, a short section of railway track was blowo up, police said.

They said a Congress worker was stabbed by members of a low caste group agitating for better jobs and a voting booth was blasted apart by gelignite.

suspended in one of the 60 constituencies following clashes be- votes. tween Congress and Nagaland

Polling was peaceful in Mizortered violence marred polling am, the other northeastern state Saturday in two of three Indian electing a new assembly, states voting for assemblies in the although some groups of Christians refused to vote. "We are communicating with

God. We are not interested in worldly affairs like elections," said Lalrempuia, aged 14, who leads a sect of about 800 people. Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam

(DMK), a regional party trying to forge uoity among Gandhi's opponents nationally, was favoured to win most of the 232 Tamil Nadu seats at stake.

The election, in a state where In northeastern Nagaland, the ruling Congress Party has not where Congress is favoured to beld sole power for more than 20 pull of a oarrow win, polling was years, was widely seen as a major test of Gandhi's ability to draw

Gandhi has invested a con-People's Council supporters that siderable amount of personal prestige in Tamil Nadu.

## Tlas says Israel blew up Pan Am jet over Scotland

KUWAIT (R) — Syrian Defence Minister Mustafa Tlas said in remarks poblished Saturday that Israel blew up a Pan Americao airliner over Scotland last mooth by tricking an American soldier into carrying explosives aboard.

Tlas told Kuwait's Al Qabas daily that agents of Israel's sec-ret service Mossad offered an American soldier stationed in West Germany \$300,000 to smuggle a suitcase that supposedly carried diamonds into the United States.

The soldier did not know the suitcase was packed with explosives, Tlas said. The airliner crashed shortly after takeoff Dec. 21 from London's Heathrow airport on a flight from Frankfurt to New York with the loss of 270 lives.

British Investigators have established a bomb caused the crash but have not identified who was responsible.

Tlas said the baggage of American soldiers at Frankfurt airport was not subject to normal security checks. He did not reveal the source of his information hot said it was "available to mare than one

Western intelligence agency."
Thas said a group of rabbis due to have travelled on the plane cancelled their reserva-. tions at the last minute, presumably tipped off by Mossad.

"In light of information that Syria has, the explosion was to have takeo place nver the Atlantic, but for certain reasons and because it was late coming in from Heathrow it blew nver Scotland," he said. The material used in the explosives was made only in Czechoslovakia and Israel, he added.

He did not say why Israel would have blown op the plane. The incident closely followed the start of talks between Washington and the Palestine Liheration Organisation (PLO).

Israel racted angrily to Egyptian newspaper allegations ear-lier this month that it might have been behind the bombing, saying the suggestions could poison relations with Egypt.

Britain's Sooday Express newspaper reported Jan. 15 that U.S. government investigators were looking into the theory that the bomb went aboard the plane with a soldier involved in a diamond-smuggling ring.
The Kuwaiti newspaper

quoted Tias as saying in an interview that "the one who carried the explosives aboard the plane in Frankfurt was one of the American soldiers serving at a base in West Germany and he did it unknowingly."

"An agent of Israeli intelligence, Mossad, handed him the homb-laden bag to carry, claiming It was diamonds worth



\$500,000 that needed to be smoggled intn the Uoited States," said Tlas.

"The Israeli agent gave the American soldier a telephone oumber to contact once he reached New York to deliver the bag," he added.

The Pan Am Flight 103 was on a flight from Frankfurt to New York when it exploded over the Scottish town of Lockerbie. Investigators have not re-vealed any concrete leads as to who was responsible.

## Egypt condemns Israel over handling of uprising

CAIRO (Agencies) — Egypt condemned Israel Saturday for its handling of the Palestinian uprising in the occupied territories and urged moderation so progress

could be made towards peace. Egypt renews its condemnation of Israel's oppressive practices against Palestinians in the occupied Arab lands," a spokes-man for Foreign Minister Esmat

Abdul Meguid said. "Egypt also calls on Israel to stop such practices in order to create a favourable atmosphere that would help push the peace process in the region," he said.

minister said after talks with Nabil Al Arabi, Egypt's chief negonator in talks with Israel over the disputed 700-metre heach.

"Then discussions can take place over access and compensation for the other facilities,

Abdul Meguid said. International arbitrators ordered Israel last year to return Taba to Egypt. But the Israelis are demanding free access to the beach and a share in ownership and management of the luxury. botel and holiday villge there. between Ahdul Maguid and Zohdi Al Kodra, a representative The statement followed talks of the Fatch faction of the Pales-

tine Liberation Organisation (PLO), who delivered a message from PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

The spokesman said the message dealt with the "grave situation in the occupied areas as a result of oppressive measures by the occupation authorities against Palestinian citizens.

Abdul Meguid told reporters that Egypt insisted on complete sovereignty over the Taba horder

'Israel should withdraw from the region the way it has withdraw from other areas," the



Esmat Abdul Meguid

## **Britain asks its** nationals, others to **leave Afghanistan**

NEW DELHI (Agencies) - The few months. Any new govern-Brinsh emhassy in Kabul has issued a final warning to foreigners to leave Afghanistan in the face of a worsening security situanon in the country, an embassy spokesman said Saturday.

The emhassy has sent letters to . more than 60 Britons and other foreigners it represents, saying: "We must advise you that you should leave Afghanistan without delay while normal flights are still

Acting Charge d'Affaires Clovis Meath-Baker, contacted hy phone from New Delhi, said the wording was standard for situa-tions like Afghanistan where war or civil strife might force the embassy to close.

The letter, sent to 33 Britons and 34 Australians, New Zealanders, Canadians, Finns, Danes, and Irish represented by Britain.

"I must make it clear that this is a final warning and that there is no question of any subsequent evacuation being arranged by the British government." Most of the foreigners are

either medical missionaries. Red Cross workers or United Nations officials. Apart from a few Red Cross workers in the western city Heart, all are based in Kabul.

The Afghan capital is suffering severe food and fuel shortages as Soviet troops make their final withdrawal from the country — due to be completed by Feb. 15.

Rebels and severe winter weather on the road connecting the Afghan capital with the Soviet Union have badly hit the number of Supply convoys

reaching Kabul, say diplomats.

A Western diplomat, who asked not to be named, said: "It is clear to the most uninformed observer that a violent change of government is likely in the next

ment is likely to be very unst-

Afghan rebel leaders complained Friday they were not consulted on political moves being prepared by their colleagues in Pakistan, the Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported.

The leader of the Pakistan-hased alliance, Sibghatullah Mojaddidi, announced in Tehran Tuesday that he planned to form a Shura council and then a provisional cabinet.

Afghan groups."

The council, a form of parliament, is being set up in hopes that the Afghan government will col-lapse after Soviet troops complete their withdrawal.

based Shi'ite alliance, and the Pakistan.

10 be formed before agreeing on the council.
IRNA said the Shi ite coalition apparently is demanding double

Rebel rift

A spokesman for Iran-based

The agency, monitored in Nicosia, quoted Mohammad Karim Khalili, spokesman of the Iran-based Afghan Mujahedeen coalition as saying on state-run television, "the decision to create such a council has heen made without coordination with the coalition, and independent

It is meant to include representatives of all the rebel groups who fought against the Soviets in Afghanistan. The Afgban Mujahedeen are

split into two coalitions, the Iran-

larger Sunni coalition based in The minority Shi'ite alliance, fearing that it might lack clout in a Shura council, wants a cabinet

the number of council seats it was offered by the Pakistan-based



An Afghan refugee stands at the entrance of his mud and canvas house as his children peer ont in the massive Munda refugee camp near the Afghan border. After 10 years of exile, three million Afghan refugees are waiting to return to their homes.

Mowlavi Nasrollah Mansour, day, rejected Khalili's view that head of the Islamic Movement of the council would be impractical, Afgbanistan, was quoted as the agency said. saying on the programme that "It is practical that we can "an air of hegemony can be felt in bring together all these people the functions of the Pakistan- and that the council can and based alliance."

But Mojaddidi, speaking in the quoted Mojaddidi Pakistan capital of Islamabad Fri-

should reach some decisions," quoted Mojaddidi was quoted by

#### MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

#### Shevardnadze to visit Turkey soon

ANKARA (R) — Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze will visit Turkey soon, probably in late February or early March, as part of a Middle East tour, a senior Soviet official said Friday. The official told Reuters no definite programme had been arranged but that other possible destinations included Iran, Iraq, Jordan and Egypt. Shevardnadze was due to visit NATO-member Turkey early last year but no date was fixed due to his busy schedule which included East-West arms talks and domestic political obligations.

#### Toxic chemicals washed up on Cypriot beach

NICOSIA (AP) - The government Friday banned fishing in waters off the Akrotiri peninsula in southern Cyprus after plastic bags containing a toxic chemical were washed up on the beach. British military authorities from the Akrotiri airbase cordoned off beaches within the base perimeter where the bags were found, a base official said. A government statement said fishing in the area was banned "until investigations are completed to determine the extent of pollution following the discovery of bags containing dangerous agricultural chemicals." A police source, speaking on condition of anonymity, said more than 100 plastic bags measuring 15 by 22 centimetres and stamped with a skull-and-crossbones poison warning had been washed up on Akrotin beaches since Monday. The source said they were labelled in Dutch as containing magnesium phosphate manufactured by the West German Bayer company — a powerful rodent poison that is deadly if ingested by humans. "It is clear the bags were dumped into the sea from some passing ship in order to dispose of the toxic substance," said Andreas Dimitropoulos, director of the government fisheries department.

#### Moroccan newspaper reappears after 8 years

RABAT (R) — A leftwing Moroccan newspaper reappeared Friday after a hreak of almost eight years. The French-language Liberation — mouthpiece of the main opposition Socialist Union of People's Forces (SUPF) — was banned after riots in 1981. SUPF's trade union wing — the Confederation Democratique du Travail (CDT) - was held responsible for bloody riots in Casablanca in 1981 over food price hikes.

#### Musavi returns home from foreign trip

NICOSIA (AP) - Iranian Prime Minister Hussein Musavi returned Friday from official visits to Italy and Poland with a set of trade accords to help rebuild the country's ravaged economy after the Gulf war. The Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported Musavi as saying on arrival in Tehran that his five-day tour had proved "successful." Musavi's trip to Italy, his first to a Western European country, underscored Iran's determination to set politics aside in rebuilding industry following the Aug. 20 ceasefire in the Iran-Iraq war. As a member of Iran's hardline political faction, Musavi in the past had opposed any opening to the West. In Rome, he agreed that Iran would pay more than \$450 million owed to Italian companies involved in construction of the Bandar Abbas port, a major Iranian port in the Gulf. More than \$250 million of the amount will be paid in cash, and the remainder in crude oil exports to Italy.

#### Greece seeks extradition of Crete banker

BOSTON (R) — Greece Friday sent to the federal prosecutor here documents that could lead to the extradition of former Bank of Crete president Georgios Koskotas, the prosecutor's office here said. A date for an extradition hearing will be set after U.S. magistrate Joyce Alexander examines the documents, which detail Greece's case against Koskotas, the judge's clerk said. Prosecutor Frank McNamara said the Greek government sought Koskotas's extradition on numerous charges including embezzlement and forgery. Koskotas was arrested last November after arriving at a suhurban Boston airport on a plane from Brazil. He is wanted in Greece on charges that he defrauded the Bank of

#### **Greek Socialists loose support**

ATHENS (R) — Greece's ruling Socialist Party PASOK would suffer a clear defeat if elections were held now, an opinion poll showed Friday. PASOK would take the votes of only 24.9 per cent of those polled in the Athens-Piraeus area, where 40 per cent of the country's population lives, compared with 44.8 per cent in the 1985 general election, the private polling company Dimel said. The poll showed the main opposition New Democracy Party would become the largest single political force with 38.7 per cent of the vote, compared to 37.9 per cent in 1985. The poll said that if the Greek Communist Party (KKE) and other left-wing groups joined forces for the election due in June they would push PASOK into third place. In such a case the poll said New Democracy would take 37.4 per cent of the vote, a united left-wing grouping 26 per cent and PASOK 21.7 per cent. KKE has agreed in principle to fight the election with the Greek left has agreed in principle to fight the election with the Greek left party and various smaller left-wing factions.

#### 15 extremists held in Egypt

ASSIUT (AP) - Police have arrested 15 Muslim extremists suspected of involvement in a fire outside a Protestant church in a village north of Assiut, security sources said Saturday. The sources, speaking on condition of anonymity, said the incident occurred Thursday at Bani Mohammadiat, about 70 kilometres from the southern provincial capital of Assiut. The church itself was not damaged, but fire destroyed a quantity of wood valued at \$450 in the vicinity. The church has been undergoing renovation and piles of wooden planks were stacked nearby for use in scaffolding and repairs, the informants said. They said the detentions were hased on witness accounts by villagers who said they saw the extremists pouring kerosine on the wood stock and lighting it.

#### Minesweepers to clear Bahrain channel

BAHRAIN (R) — Three British minesweepers arrived in Bahrain Saturday to begin clearing a 26-mile shipping channel leading to the island's Mina Sulman port. A British embassy spokesman said the minesweepers Cottelsmore, Berkely and Chiddingfold and their support ship Herald would begin the job — their last operation in the Gulf Monday. A Bahraini fisherman was killed and five were hurt Tuesday when their dhow was split in two by an explosion which officials believe was caused by a mine.

## Little headway in efforts to settle Amal-Hizbollah feud

BEIRUT (R) - Efforts to end a could fight Israel. violent feud between rival militiamen in Lebanon remained dead- help in transferring Hizbollah locked Saturday, three weeks after the battles began.

The latest round in a year-long the guarantees but first Hizbollah struggle between Amal and Hiz-should hand over the killers." bollah has killed at least 142

gers homeless. failed to settle the dispute between the two sides, struggling for control over Lebanon's 1.5 million Shi'ites.

Damascus next week with Syrian and Iranian officials. But Amal's leader Nabih Berri Friday ruled

Mahmoud Fakih and Hassan Amal-held settlements. Sabaiti," Berri told reporters.

repeatedly denied.

Berri said he was ready to send IRNA reported. food and ammunition to Hizbollah militants entrenched in the did not say who Velayati would

He said he was even ready to Lebanon. "I am ready to give all

The militias have fought this people, wounded 150 and made month in west Beirut, the city's thousands of poor southern villasouthern suburbs and the Iqlim Al Tufah region of South Leba-But political sources said senior non. Hizbollah fighters use the clerics acting as negotiators had region as a base for attacks against Israel's self-styled "secur-

ity zone.' Sheikh Mohammad Hussein Fadlallah, Hizbollah's spiritual They said both sides had mentor, said during Friday agreed to hold a meeting in prayers that both groups should accept a ceasefire then meet to

discuss peace.
Hizbollah wants to share conout any meeting unless Hizbollah trol over South Lebanon with handed over the killers of three Amal and to have a major say in Amai officials to Syrian troops. representing the Shi ite commun-"We are ready to go to Syria ity. Amal insists on being the sole and to meet with Hizbollah if the representative of the Shi'ites and group agrees to hand over the wants Hizbollah to pull out of two killers of Daood Daoud, southern villages which overlook

Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Amal says Hizboilah gunned Akbar Velayati will go to Damasdown the three in west Beirut last cus Sunday as part of efforts to Sept. 22, a charge Hizbollah has mediate an end to the militia feud, the Iranian news agency

IRNA, monitored in Nicosia. southern villages of 'Ain Buswar, meet but said the visit had been Jabal Safi and Lowaizeh so they expected for some time.

## **Sudan says rebels** downed plane

southern Sudan shot down a military aircraft with a ground-to-air missile Saturday, killing its pilot, the Sudan News Agency (SUNA) said.

It quoted a military statement saying the aircraft was on a combat mission against Sudanese rebels hesieging the town of Nasir in the southern Upper Nile region near the border with Ethiopia. SUNA said the aircraft ex-

ploded in the air when it was hit hy a Soviet-made SAM-7 missile. It identified the pilot as Colonel Mukhtar Mohammedin, on his

KHARTOUM (R) — Rebels in (SPLA) said earlier that it was a Soviet-made MiG-23 fighter. The Sudanese air force has

MiG-17, MiG-19 and MiG-21 jets hut according to the International Institute for Strategic Studies in London does not fly any MiG-The SPLA said last month it,

had captured the pilot of a Lihyan MiG-23 which crashed after a bombing raid on rebel positions. The military statement added that troops killed 24 rebels Friday

when an SPLA force attempted to overrun Nasir.

The town was surrounded by ninth comhat mission in two days. \_ an estimated 4,000 guerrillas ear-The agency did not identify the lier in the week, according to the type of aircraft involved but the military, and 570 rebels had been clandestine radio of the Sudan killed since it came under siege People's Liberation Army nearly five months ago.



# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

#### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 .... Programme review Children programmes Football match Local programme 19:40 20:60 20:30 Programme review News in Arabic Programme review .... La Baby Sitter L' Ecole des Fans ... News in French 18:30 19:00 19:15

. News in Hebrew

Varieties programme
News in Arabic

**PRAYER TIMES CHURCHES** Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785.

St. Joseph Church Tcl. 624590.

De la Saile Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 627266

623541.

Church of the Annunciation Tel.

Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543.

Armenian Catholie Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. Stt. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church T Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 811295. Rainbow Congregation Tel. 822605. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints Tel. 815817, 821264

Bulletin supplied by the Department of The country will remain under the effect of the cold airmass. So it will continue cloudy, cold and rainy, while snowfall is expected on areas 900 metres above sea level. The effect of this cold airmass will decrease by noon. Winds will be westerly to northwestering moderate.

WEATHER

In Aqaba, it will be cloudy and ometimes rainy with northerly fresh 1/5

Yesterday's high temperatures: Am-man 5, Aqaba 15. Humidity readings: Amman 94 per cent, Aqaba 55 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

**NIGHT DUTY** Dr. Munther Al Gureini ... Dr. Issa Abu Haidar ..... Dr. Soleiman Al Khayyat Dr. Bassim Al Gaddodmi ...... 646024

Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy .. 623672 .. 636730 Dr. Kamal Al Najjar Al Sharas' pharmacy ZARQA: Dr. Abdul Karim Al Khashashueh 983024 Khalifeh pharmacy ....

985417

**EMERGENCIES** Civil Defence Department Civil Defence Immediate Rescue...... Civil Defence Emergency . 630341 ..... 77512i ..... 843402 . 656390/91

Hotel Complaints ......
Price Complaints ......
Water and Severage
Complaints ......
Amman Municipality
Complaints .....
Teleobone Information Overseas Calls ...... Central Amman Telephone . 623101 Repairs
Abdali Telephone Repairs
Jordan Television
Radio Jordan Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 

HOSPITALS Hossein Medical Centre ..... H13813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn ... 642441/2

Jabal Amman Maternity... Malhas, J. Amman Palestine, Shmeisani .. 636140 664171/4 Banana (Mukammar) Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhajreen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh Army, Marka 891611/15

Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50

Amai Hospital 674155 ZARQA:
Zarqa Govt. Hospital .... (09)983323
Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)991071
Ibu Siza Hospital .... (09)985732 Princes Basma Hospital (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafces Hospital (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111 MARKET PRICES

. 160 / 120 250 / 200 -340 / 280 -360 / 300 -400 / 340 240./200 210./170 420./360 420./369

#### NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

ART EXHIBITION: Her Royal Highness Princess Wijdan Ali Saturday opened an exhibition of pastel art by Turkish artist Melissa Arder in Amman. The ten-day exhibition includes 24 pieces of art depicting natural scenes from Jordan including scenes from Wadi Ram, the Dead Sea, Petra, and the Jordan Valley. (Petra)

LAWZI RECEIVES PAKISTANI CABLE: Upper House of Parliament Speaker Alimiad Lawzi Saturday received a cable of thanks from Pakistani Parliament Speaker Miraj Khalid in reply to the congratulatory calle Lawzi had sent on Khalid's election as parliament speaker. In his cable, Khalid highly valued the role the Jordanian Parliament is playing in the service of the Jordanian people's aspirations. (Petra)

MINISTERS MEET ITALIAN ENVOY: Minister of Labour Marwan Dudin and Minister of Interior Rajai Dajani met separately in Amman Saturday with Italian Ambassador to Jordan Francesco de Curten. They discussed with him Jordanian Italian relations. (Petra)

PEOPLE'S ARMY: A number of students and employees in Irbid Governorate have Saturday enrolled in new People's Army courses. The participants will attend lectures in military sciences, civil defence, and the use of weapons. (Petra)

7 ARAB WORKS WIN PRIZES: The Arah Thought Forum Saturday announced in Amman that seven Arab creative works in the field of natural and applied sciences won the prizes of Sheikh Abdullah Al Mubarak Al Sabbah for the year 1988. Walid Mostafa Ibrahim Al Shyukhi from Jordan won one of the pirzes for his research entitled "Protection of Maritime Environment." Three other people from Egypt, Kuwait, and Syria won prizes for their works in biochemistry, maritime studies, and physics. (Petra)

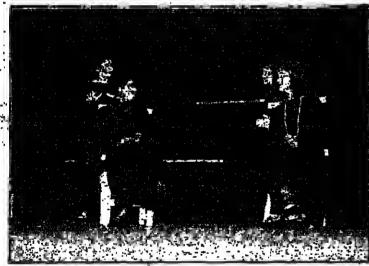
ARBOR DAY: Some 7,000 saplings were Saturday planted in Yarmouk region in Amman in observation of Arbor Day which has been celebrated throughout Jordan. More than 5,000 saplings were also planted in Ras Al Ain in Amman. (Petra)

MADABA SERVICE: The Madaba Municipal Council beld a meeting Saturday and discussed means to improve the standard of services, particularly with regard to maintaining roads. Madaba Mayor Ahmad Qtaish noted that it was decided to purchase vehicles at JD 5,000 to maintain roads. (Petra)

ABU QURA VISITS SOUTH GHOR: Jordan National Red Crescent Society (JNRCS) President Dr. Ahmad Abu Qura Saturday visited JNRCS branch in South Ghor and was briefed on activities and services the branch provides to needy families in the region.

ELECTIONS IN SALT ON JAN. 38: Municipal elections will be held in Salt on Jan. 30, and so far 22 candidates announced they wer running for the new 11-member council. A spokesman for Salt Municipality said that the candidates were grouped in two separate blocs except for seven who were running as independent candidates representing different clans. (Petra)

COURSE ON FINANCIAL ANALYSIS: A two-week training course on financial analysis Saturday began at the Jordan Institute of Management. The course is designed to demonstrate the importance of financial analysis in making decisions, and to familiarise the participants in methods of financial analysis. Eighteen people from various industrial and financial institutions in Jordan, the United Arab Emirates and Oman are enrolled in this course. (Petra)



A scene from the play 'Shades of Eve'

#### 'Shades of Eve' will be performed again Sunday

AMMAN (J.T.) — Riding on a was very well received despite the wave of success after three full-unconventional method of prehouse performances this week, the organisers of the play "Shades of Eve" have announced another run of the play at the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC) Studio Theatre Sunday at 8 p.m.

"Shades of Eve" is a collection of adaptations from well-known playwrights as well as works of some members of the team actresses Haya Husseini and Sana Ativeh and director Sawsan Darwaza. As the name snggests, it portrays some of the whims and fancies of women as well as throws an insight into the mysterious working of the female mind, whether in high society life or in the confines of home.

If audience reaction is any indication, then the ovation that

sentation.

The most outstanding feature was the level to which all players rose in rendering convincing portrayals of their respective roles whether as scheming women trying to ontwit each other in pursuit of none-too-noble objecrives, or as maids deriving satisfaction from playing the lady of the house. Everyone of the four actresses - Husseini, Atiyeh, Sima Qubein and Suchinta Vijesooriya - lived no to the characters on stage, gaining respec-tive edges in different scenarios

Simple stage techniques and effective use of lighting against the backdrop of haunting music

the play and its team received at every performance shows that it play.

## **WHAT'S GOING ON**

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

**EXHIBITIONS** 

\* An exhibition of works by Contemporary Arab Artists at Al Wasiti Art Gallery.

★ The Iraqi Cultural Week which includes an exhibition by the Iraqi artist Salam Al Madamgheh and an exhibition of children's paintings and children's literary and cultural books, at the Royal Cultural Centre.

\* An exhibition of photos and videos on "La Defense", a new district in Paris which became a symbol of architectural creativity, at the French Cultural Centre.

An exhibition of decorations and Arabic orthography on mirrors by Ghada Al Khatib at the Royal Cultural Centre. ☆ A plastic art exhibition by Egyptian artist Yassin Ibrahim

ammad at the Housing Bank Gallery. ☆ An exhibition of photographic works by Wols (Ottto Wolfgang)

Schulz) at the Goethe Institute — 5:00 p.m.

LECTURE

☆ A lecture by Najat Al Qassab on the Arab family at Abdul Hamid Shoman Foundation — 6:00 p.m.

**FILMS**☆ A feature film entitled "A Soldier's Story" at the American

Centre — 7:00 p.m. ☆ A German video entitled "Deutschland Spiegel" (The German

Scene) at the Yarmonk University — 6:30 p.m.

☆ A German film entitled "Deutschland Spiegel" (in Arabic) at the Yarmouk University - 5:00 p.m.



#### N. Yemeni team visits King Abdullah's tomb

North Yemeni Prime Minister Abdul Aziz Abdul Ghani and his accompanying delegation Saturday visit the tomb of the late King Abdullah where they recited verses of the Holy Koran. Also sent is Minister of Industry, Trade and Supply

Hamdi Tabbaa. (below) Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem, his North Yemeni counterpart Abdul Karim Al Iryani and their accompanying delegation discuss cooperation (Petra photos)



## NMI has relieved ministry of heavy responsibilities — Malhas

AMMAN (J.T.) — The establish-ment of the National Medical annually, due to the greater num-Institution (NMI) in Jordan has ber of non-Jordanians coming to relieved the Ministry of Health of work in the country, and hilharzia its previous and heavy responsibl- which affects people living near lities and paved the way for its water reservoirs such as the one return to its original mission of behind the King Talal Dam, the promoting primary health care minister noted. and preventing the spread of dis-ease, Health Minister Zuhair

Malhas said Saturday.
The NMI was established as a medical and health system in Jordan and should be regarded as the proper instruction that can promote health services in Jordanian hospitals, the minister said in an interview published in Al Dustour daily newspaper.

The Ministry of Health now operates 492 health centres that provide treatment and other medication to 99 per cent of the public, complementing the NMI's role and relieving the pressure on hospitals.

The Ministry of Health's responsibilities include monitoring the various health situation in the country, and dealing with infectious diseases such as acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) of which Jordan now has

He said that the ministry is providing treatment to such cases

free of charge in a bid to prevent the spread of the diseases. The result of the introduction of a new ministry estimated that 20 per cent of Egyptians living in Jordan suffer from bilharzia. The Ministry of Health. Malhas said, has another important task; namely, to recruit and

provide nurses for the health centres and hospitals. The ministry established two nursing colleges over the past four years and a group of 160 nurses will graduate in the coming month to add to the present

cient, Malhas noted. He said the Health Ministry years the country will have sufficient number of nurses.

Malhas said the Ministry of Health had worked out a compre-18 cases and malaria of which 300 help of specialists from the Un-covered."



Zuhair Malhas

ited States and the United Kingdom, but could not implement the project due to economic reasons.

number which is indeed not suffi-The ministry is now contem-plating uniting the military and hopes that in the coming five civilian health schemes as a first step to implement the project, the minister pointed out. "As a next step the private sector will be requested to join the scheme bensive health scheme with the so that all public sectors will be

### **Annual conference on computers** opens with 152 participants AMMAN (J.T.) - An annual ment. "The HCST in Jordan has

Hotel Saturday, with the parti-cipation of 152 delegates from ment of the nation." Jordan, the Arab countries, the United States, the United King-dom, France, Switzerland and

Secretary General of the Higher Council for Science and Technology (HCST), Adnan Badran deputised for His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan in opening the two-day meeting, which was sponsored by "Sakhr" Compu-

· A spokesman at the hotel said that Sakhr Computers was to present to the conference an "Arabic computer" - Arabic-English and Arabic-French which has been streamlined with IBM and the MS-DOS operating system with hardware and application software.

Modern technology has become one of the main motivators for and a basic requirement of all aspects of life in Jordan rangdevelopment in the present age, Badran said in his speech at the opening session.

He said that computers are contributing a great deal towards taking measures to set up a statisthe economic, social, financial tical data bank and is working on and natural resources develop- this project in close cooperation

conference on computers was embarked on long term programopened at the Amman Plaza mes to transfer and absorb modern technology for the advance-He said that the council calls

for continued support for the private industrial and economic institutions that belp the country to transfer modern technology and contribute to the overall development.

In a statement published Saturday the director of the Department of Statistics, Abdul Hadi Al Alawin, said that Jordan has more than 2,700 computers owned by the private sector and used in financial, accounting, statistics, commercial, research and other

Alawin said at least 1,500 people in Jordan are being employed as programmers, analysts, engineers, operators and others. Alawin said that the computer

being used by his department for information and data covering ing from agriculture, industry and trade to social development and population.

"At present, the department is



Abdul Hadi Al Alawin

with the Ministry of Planning, and the Royal Scientific Society,

During 1989, the department of statistics plans to conduct a survey instead of conducting a general census, Alawin said. This will cover homes, population, fertility, health, family, unemployment and other areas such as trade, agriculture, exports, customs and investments in the course of preparations for the national data bank.

## PNC speaker urges Arabs to press for end to Israeli atrocities AMMAN (Agencies) — The Speaker of Palestine

National Council (PNC) Saturday urged Arab parliamentarians to press for an end to harsh Israeli treatment of Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

In messages sent out to Arab Islamic holy places in the occu-parliaments, Sheikh Abdul pied territories. Hamid Al Sayeh called on parliament speakers to work at all levels and with all their powers to expose to the world Israel's atrocities and to bring to the attention of the world public the con-tinnous suffering of the Palesti-nian people under Israeli rule, so as to bring pressure on Israel to change its present policies against the Palestinian people.

In his messages Sayeh reviewed Israel's violations of Palestinian human rights, acts of repression and detention, the closure of schools and other institutions and protesters have been killed by the desecration of Christian and Israeli gunfire in the past 10 days.

The messages were sent out in the wake of Friday's announcement in Israel that the troops were to fire plastic bullets at Palestinians throwing stones, burning tyres and blocking roads or fleeing the scene of trouble. In a further move to stifle the

uprising, Israel also ordered all schools in the West Bank closed indefinitely. Reports said at least 37 Palestinians were wounded in West Bank clashes Thursday, and 14



## 101 teachers to graduate from course on theatre in education

AMMAN (J.T.) — A total of 101 elementary school teachers and teachers-in-training, who have use of drama to enhance the teaching process, will receive ote the their diplomas from Her Majesty Jordan. Queen Noor at a ceremony to be beld on Jan. 24.

The training courses were conducted by the Noot Al Hussein Foundation's (NHF's) "theatre in education" programme, in coop-eration with the Ministries of Education and Higher Educa-

project was launched in 1987 to and the techniques of childrens' expand children's learning opporcompleted training course in the tunities through the creative medium of drama, and to promote the dramatic arts throughout

> The project combines classroom and stage techniques with the natural play instinct of the young, to promote self-awareness, confidence, learning ability and creative expression.

lic schools and community col-leges are taught the basic con-courses.

The "theatre-in-education" cepts of education through drama

plays and workshop production.

The graduation ceremony to be held at the Princess Alia Secondary School for Girls in Amman will be attended by Minister of Education Thougan Hindawi and Minister of Higher Education Nassereddin Al Assad, NHF Director General In am Al Mufti

and other officials. Queen Noor will watch a scien-Teachers from private and pub- ce lesson given by a teacher who

## Jordanian doctor discovers effective treatment for leprosy

Moustafa has succeeded in discovering a new effective treat-

ment fot leprosy. Moustafa, who lives in Madrid, discovered this new treatment while successfully treating patients suffering from psoriasis. He based his researches on a new

infects people who are susceptible to disease hy heredity.

There are chances that this new discovery could pave the way for finding a new medicine for the treatment of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS).

on ways to develop coastal areas

MADRID (Petra) — Jordanian by disturbances in immunity, and rently undertaking, which proves that it is caused by a virus that there is a direct and strong relationship between the two viruses causing AIDS and lep-

A number of international organisations and researchers in the AIDS disease have contacted Dr. Moustafa to get information on his discovery hoping that this

#### This assumption is hased on a would help find effective treattheory which states that leptosy is research Texas University is curment for AIDS. similar to other diseases caused Training course opens in Aqaba

Saturday opened a two-week training course on means of developing coastal regions and pro-

tecting their environment. ARA President Bassam Qaqish opened the course which is being attended by 20 participants by underlining the importance of holding the course in Aqaba which, he said, was undergoing a continuous process of develop-

ment. The port city, which has a shoreline of 27 kilometres, is being developed as a regional centre for land and sea transport, and one where industry and tourism are flourishing rapidly, Qaqish noted in a speech at the opening session.

The course is being held, he said, to help direct attention to the need to avoid any negative consequences of development and to enhance efforts towards

safeguarding the environment.

ARA is sponsoring the training course in cooperation with the Interoational Federation of Institutes for Advanced Studies (IFIAS) and a number of insti-tutes in the Netherlands and the

United States.

Taking part in the course are representatives of ARA, the Higher Council for Science and Technology, the Jordan Ports Corporation, the Royal Scientific Society, the Ministry of Planning, the Jordan Phosphates Mines Company and the Royal Yach-

ting Club in Aqaba.

The training course came three months after a regional meeting on the development of the Red

AQABA (Petra, J.T.) — The Sca and the Gulf of Aden was Aqaha Region Authority (ARA) concluded in Amman. The meeting, which was dedi-

the share of every country dealing with the dumping of susbordering on the Red Sea to help pect poisonous waste into the sea.

protect the environment and curb pollution.

The meeting urged countries in cated to the protection of the two the two regions to intensify regions from pollution, defined efforts to control all activities

#### **Teams work hard to open Jordan Valley culverts**

region. The culverts were blocked by large amounts of earth and rocks carried by the streams of water formed as a result of heavy rains that fell in the region over the past 24 bours, according to local officials.

They said the teams, formed by the South Shuneh Municipality, the Ministry of Public Works and the Civil Defence Department, were being supervised by the Public Safety Committee which was monitoring the situation around the clock, and directing workers to offer assistance to people in emergency cases.

District Governor Abdul Latif Tarawneh, who heads the committee, urged inhabitants of ing areas in the north of Jordan.

SOUTH SHUNEH (J.T.) — wadis and low-lying areas to Teams were reported working move to safer ground, and called hard Saturday to open culverts in on beads of municipal councils to some parts of the Jordan Valley report on emergency cases to the committee so that immediate help can be organised.

> Meanwhile, the Public Security Department (PSD) in Amman said that all roads in Jordan were passable following two days of heavy rain but it urged motorists to take extra precaution when driving in hilly areas which are covered by thick fog in some

> The Department of Meteorology reported that Amman received 28.8 millimetres of rain water in the past two days, the highest rate in the country, and said that snow fell in Jerash, Kufrunjeh, Ajloun, Ras Munif and other neighbour-

3 DIE IN ACCIDENTS: Two Jordanians and a girl of Polish nationality died and several other people were injured Friday in a number of accidents and incidents according to Al Dustour daily newspaper. The paper said that the Polish girl was knocked down by a car on the University of Jordan road while one of the two Jordanians was killed by a stray bullet as he was handling his gun and the other died of asphyxiation. (Petra)

#### 4 tremors registered in Jordan Valley in'89

AMMAN (J.T.) - Fonr earth tremors were registered in the Jordan Valley region during January 1989, but no damage was reported, according to Natural Resources Authority (NRA) offi-cials quoted by Al Dustour Ara-

bic daily Saturday.

The officials said that the NRA's Department of Seismology registered the tremors, which had their epicentres at Ras Al Karmel, Ramallah and Nablus. They said that the four tremors measured 4.2, 4.1, 2.6 and 3.4 degrees on the Richter Scale and occurred between Jan. 1 and Jan.

The officials said that the same area was hit by a 4.2 degree earthquake on Jan. 1, 1988. The department's director,

Kays Al Kaysi, said in an interview with the Jordan Times that

south "transition zone" of about 50 kilometres on both sides. Kaysi said the department's statistics show that 250 local

quakes were registered during the period from Sept. 1983 and Dec. last month that the NRA started 1987 among them six which were monitoring geophysical move-classified as felt with local magniments in the region in 1983 and has registered quakes along the Richter Scale.

COURSE ON LIBRARY MANAGEMENT: The president of Mu'ta University Saturday opened a five-day course on library management at Mu'ta University. Some 38 people from the Karak Governorate are taking part in this course. (Perra)

By Dr. Fahed Fanek

جورين تليمز يومية عربية سياسية مستقلة تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاربنية

**Editorial Director:** RAKAN AL MAJALI Director General: DR. RADI AL WAQFI Editor-in-Chief:

DR. WALEED M. SADI Editorial and advertising offices:

Jordan Press Foundation. University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

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## Racing against time

ISRAEL first expressed concern about chemical weapons being introduced to the Middle East. Theo came Israel's claim that some Arab countries have developed biological weapons and perfected delivery systems for their use on a regional scale. But there was silence from the same Israeli quarters about its ouclear capability. Be that as it may, the Arab-Israeli conflict has become overshadowed hy ominous oews about new weapon systems which promise to transfer this region into yet more dangerous levels of tensioo and anxiety. Of course the peoples of this region could have saved themselves and future generations of Arabs and Israelis from the awesome machines of destruction if the principal Arab-Israeli conflict was given a chance to be resolved when it should have been settled, i.e., a long time ago. The moral of this mass destruction weapons story is that time, it seems, is not playing on the side of peace; quite the opposite. The more time the countries and peoples of this region waste without a solution the harder the issues become to settle. And of course, the longer peace is denied or delayed the more the security threats and their implications become pressing due to the introduction of more and more sophisticated weapons to the area. And given the slow pace of the peace process in the Middle East, it is no longer farfetched to anticipate that the process of armament in the region would further accelerate to reach a point of no return.

The region has lost more than two precious decades since 1967 which could have been invested in restructuring relations between the states of the Middle East on a more sound and harmonious levels. Accordingly, if the efforts to strike an equitable settlement between the Arabs and Israel are thwarted again in 1989, there might not be another propitious occasion to do so for years to come. In which case the countries involved may not feel ready to enter the diplomatic channels before flexing their muscles with the new mass destructive weapons that they have acquired and invested so much time and money on. If the Israelis have not yet appreciated the importance of the time dimension in the Arab-Israeli conflict all they have to do to be convinced otherwise is to recall how easier it would have been to settle the conflict immediately after the adoption of the often prostituted U.N. Security Council Resolution 242. Only the blindest among the blind would not see that for every month the peace process is delayed, the issues get harder and the security and political implications become graver.

#### ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i daily Saturday focused light on Israel's prevarications in its deal with Egypt over the future of Taha. The Israelis had said that they wanted an international trihunal to deal with the question of Taba and when the tribunal ruled that the enclave was an Egyptian territory, they asked that the question be settled after the parliamentary elections in Israel, the paper said. It said that now that the elections are over Israeli negotiators are still adamant in their positions, and Tel Aviv is trying to drag its feet, holding on to various pretexts to avoid pulling out of the Arah territory. The Israelis are asking that they hold the right to the hotel and other property they have in Taba and are showing all signs that they do not want to leave. the paper note. It said that this should give the Arabs a lesson with regard to the question of the future of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip in the event the international peace conference took place.

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily discusses the change in the American government and says that the Reagan administration wil be remembered as one that achieved detente between East and West and opened the way for fruitful relations with the Soviet Union. But the world will also remember that America lost a great deal of credibility as a result of Reagan's handling of the Middle East roblem and his contraditions with regard of human rights which are being violated daily by Israel in the occupied territories, according to Abdul Rahim Omar. The writer says that Reagan has gone further in expressing Washington's support for Israel by vetoeing all resolutions at the United Nations Security Council which would have condemned Israel's atrocities; and he has rendered the United States totally isolated alongside Israel from the rest of the world community as a result of Washington's Middle East policies. Now, the writer says, as George Bush takes over the government in Washington, the Arab people look with hope to the White House to see a real change in policy and more realistic dealing with the Middle East problem specially as the way is paved now through the U.S.-PLO dialogue.

Al Dustour daily said Saturday that Israel's face is exposed to the world as a deteriorating political and military entity that finds itself impotent as to the uprising in Palestinian land and totally deprived of any credibility before the world. The killing of children as part of Israel's iron fist policy in the occupied territories proves beyond doubt that the Israeli rulers have exhausted all their resources in their futile attempts to quell the uprising and re-establish calm in areas under their control, the paper noted. It said that Israel's despair over the present situation can be manifested through Defence Minister Yitzhak Rahin's offer to the Palestinians to hold elections for autonomy rule in return for an end to the uprising. But it said that the Palestinians who are determined to carry on the fight for the sake of freedom did not swallow the bait and can never be taken in by such ploys

Sawt Al Shaab daily described Rahin's proposals as a move intended to create an alternative for the PLO, and at the same time save the present coalition government from further embarrassment before the world. The aper said that the Middle East region which has suffered a great deal as a result of Israel's aggression can never find its way to peace and stability unless a comprehensive solution for the Arab-Israeli problem has been found through an international conference. The fact that the PLO has accepted resolutions 242 and 338 has stirred so much trouble for the Israelis who had hoped to perpetuate their occupation of Arab territories, the paper added. It said that Rabin's statements cannot save the Israeli government from world-wide condemnation or end its isolation from the world community.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

# Loopholes in the tax law closed

PART of the process of putting the Jordanian economy in order, the government issued amendments to the income tax law of 1985. The amendments will be published in the official gazette on Fehruary 1, 1989, but will come into effect retroactively as of January 1, 1989. However the income earned in 1988, which will be accounted for during 1989, will not be subjected to these

The purpose behind the amendments is purely financial. It will increase the proceeds of this direct tax through expanding the taxation base, and abolishing unreasonable exemptions and

According to 1989 budget, the estimated revenues of income and profits tax would rise from JD 44.8 million in 1988 to JD 60 million in 1989, a jump of 34 per cent. The newly introduced amendments may make such jump possible.

Following are the main features of the new amendments:

1. Interest earned by residents from their deposits and other financial investments abroad will be subjected to income tax. The original law did not touch this kind of "external" income except if made hy banks and financial corporations. Maintaining such external deposits by residents remained illegal, but the illegality does not of course interfere in the taxability.

2. The Income Tax Department will allow banks and financial corporations to suspend interest due on doubtful debts. Previously such interest was taxed as long as the bad debtor was not pronounced by a court as hankrupt. Suspended interest will be taxed only in the year when they are actually collected.

3. Expenses incurred to earn exempted income will be excluded from the income statement. Exempted income in this instance means interest received on government bonds and treasury bills, and dividends received on shares. The excluded cost will be determined on prorata basis according to a set formula. Previously, such cost that could be excluded did not exceed 15 per ceot of

4. Private and ordinary companies will not be allowed to deduct salaries paid to their managing partners or shareholders except to the extent of JD 3,600 per year per manager. Surplus over this ceiling will be considered as distribution of profit.

5. The mark up of prices by Islamic banks will be treated just

like interest charged hy commercial banks for the purpose of calculating deduction of tax payers having their houses on credit basis. The deductable amount would not exceed JD 2,000 a year. 6. The escalation of tax on individuals will stop at 45 per cent

instead of 55 per cent on income exceeding JD 25,000 a year after all allowances and deductions.

7. The cancellation of acceleration of tax rates on shareholding companies. All the net profits of such companies will be subjected to one rate which used to be the ceiling. The one rate tax will be

35 per cent for industrial public shareholding companies, 38 per cent for industrial private shareholding companies, 40 per cent for other shareholding companies, 50 per cent for banks and financial corporations, and 55 per cent for private shareholding companies

engaged in finance and moneychanging.

8. Landlords will lose their exemption of tax on 30 per cent of rents earned on real estate in Amman and 50 per cent elsewhere. The exemption will be reduced to 10 per cent, applicable equally

to rents earned anywhere in the country. Besides the owners of houses and offices, the amendments will not substantially influence taxpayers, except banks and financial companies. They will be allowed to suspend interest on doubtful debts which used to be taxed. This incentive was long overdue to encourage banks to take provisions for possible losses on bad

However, the crux of the new law is the closing of the hig loophole through which the banks and financial companies used to avoid tax when they were investing borrowed money in bonds and shares, thus earning exempted gross income while incurring acceptable costs. Banks thus hedged their profits from income tax to the extent that some major hanks were not required to pay a penny as tax on their huge profits. This step may lead banks to reduce their portfolios of bonds and shares to invest in other forms which have higher return to them and to the national

## 'Arabs, Israel reverse roles'

# Israel has no alternative but to negotiate with PLO

By Anthony Parsons

IN THE PAST few weeks the diplomatic aspect of the Palestine problem has changed shape more radically than at any time since Israel occupied the whole of what used to be British Mandatory Palestine in June 1967: it can be argued that the change is greater than at any time since 1947 when the Jews accepted, and the Arabs rejected, the recommendation of the U.N. General Assembly that Palestine be partitioned into two states. Judging from Israel's first reaction, these roles have been reversed.

As a result of the Algiers meeting of the Palestine National Council (PNC), which in itself was a response to the uprising in the occupied territories, and Arafat's statement to the U.N. General Assembly on December 13, it is now clear that the Palestinian leadership has at last accepted partition and Israel's "right to exist." The British government, never an ardent supporter of the PLO, has accepted that these decisions supersede the clause in the Palestine national covenant which has been brandished in the past as evidence that the PLO is hell bent on the total destruction of Israel. Moreover, by accepting Secur-

ity Council Resolution 242 of 1967 as well (which was, broadly speaking, designed to restore an approximation to the territorial status quo ante June 6 1967 in exchange for permanent peace rather than temporary armistice) the PLO seems ready to negotiate the creation of a much smaller "Arab State" than that which was rejected in 1947, i.e. a state the borders of which would reflect the gains made by Israel in 1948-49. Furthermore this state would. form a confederal relationship with Jordan. In addition, Arafat's statement left me with the impression that the PLO is ready to negotiate face to face with Israel. alheit under the umhrella of an international conference attended by the five permanent members of the Security Council. Arab refusal to enter direct negotiations, which Israel has (rightly in my view) demanded ever since 1967, has been a major obstacle to the implementation of Resolution 242. When there were direct negotiations, in the Egypt/Israel sector. they worked.

The world as a whole has welcomed these initiatives. The 138 votes in favour (including all 12 members of the European Community) of the relevant General Assembly resolution on December 14 are evidence of this. Most important has been the United States' decision to open a dialogue with the PLO, although, not surprisingly, it voted against the resolution, thus reconfirming that it has yet to accept the right of the Palestinians to self-determination.

#### Israeli rejectionism

So far the Israeli reaction has been totally negative. The PLO's initiative has been nothing more than a confidence trick, a massive propaganda exercise. (This is a curious assertion in the light of the apparent gullihility of the whole world including the United States. Few would contest the view that Arab propaganda over the past 40 years has been ahysmally inept and ineffective. How has it suddenly become so hrilliant?) The Israeli preference for direct negotiations with their adversaries seems to have changed to "no negotiations except with people of our own choosing." For once Likud and Labour are united in rejectionism although certain nuances of difference have already emerged in public state-

What actually lies behind the Israeli reaction? I do not hlame them for being suspicious of the PLO's change of heart, but it is not as though it has come as a total bolt from the hlue, Israel must have noticed that, with the exception of Syria, the leading members of the Arab League as well as the PLO have in recent years been inching in the direction of moderation and recognition of Israel. Is it that the PLO has been so comprehensively demonished in Israeli eyes that the psychological barrier to sitting down with Arafat is too high to jump? If so, the Americans should be able to use their dialogue with the PLO privately to allay these Israeli fears. Is it because Israelis genuinely believe that a PLO-governed state on their eastern horder would threaten Israel's existence? I find it hard to credit that a Palestinian micro-state (even if ruled by the devil himself); almost certainly demilitarised, roped down by a binding peace treaty and probahly hy international guarantees, as well as being confederated with Jordan, could threaten the existence of the strongest military power in the Middle East. An outsider with a knowledge of past history might think that the boot

would be on the other foot. The old argument, with which I have had much sympathy, that there is asymmetry between giving up territory (and reducing Israel to something like its original wasp waistedness) and signing bits of paper for which act the signatory was almost certain to be overthrown, has less force today. The Egypt/Israel peace treaty is now nearly 10 years old and it has survived the assassination of its architect, President Sadat. It is no longer the case, as it was in the 1950s and 1960s, that making peace with Israel would be a death warrant to any Arah regime. The atmosphere has changed fundamentally.

#### The options have closed

An early Israeli peace initiative may prove me wrong, but the problem, as 1 see it, is that there now appears to be no valid alternative for Israel between a continued refusal to negotiate or to negotiating with the PLO as proposed. 1 cannot believe that any Arab leader, including President Mubarak, would be prepared, as President Sadat was, to negotiate the future of the Palestinians over the head of the PLO. It seems equally improbable that an alternative Palestinian leadership will emerge inside or outside the occupied territories with which Likud could negotiate some kind of limited autonomy under ultimate Israeli control.

All Israelis must be conscious that they are going to come under great pressure, even from their friends, even from the United States (although this will take the form of "persuasion" rather than "leverage" if the history of the past 15 years is anything to go hy). The international climate regarding "regional conflicts" is changing with the new superpower relationship. Many apparently insoluble problems are beginning to come out in the wash. The Vietnamese are withdrawing from Cambodia, the Soviet Union from Afghanistan, a ceasefire has been achieved in the

Iran/Iraq war, agreement has been reached over Angola/Namihia. These developments are building up a cumulative atmosphere of expectation that the remaining crises too — with Arab/Israel high on the list must give way to peaceful negotiation. The international community will be extremely reluctant to see the recent Palestinian initiative join the overcrowded graveyard of 70 years of missed

opportunities. Obviously, the new Israeli government must be given time to settle down, as must the new U.S. administration. It is early days yet. But, if in, say, a few months time, Israel's adamantine attitude has not softened, another question will have to be asked. Is the antipathy to the PLO in fact a hlind to mask Israeli determination not to discuss withdrawal, with anyone, and to hang onto "every inch" of the West Bank and Gaza with a view to eventual annexation? If so, Israel can no longer maintain that it accepts Resolution 242 as it has done ever since November 1967. From the outset, although the amount of territory to be surrendered in exchange for peace has varied according to interpretation by individual states of the ambiguous (in its English version) withdrawal clause, it has never been argued that the principle of withdrawal does not apply to all fronts. not just to Sinai. Israel's main champion, President Reagan, confirmed this in his major initiative of September, 1982, when he stated that the United States would not support "annexation or permanent control by Israel" and that "the withdrawal provision of Resolution 242 applies to all fronts including the West Bank and Gaza." The president's initiative was firmly grounded in the Camp David Accords, the preamble to which states that the agreed hasis for a peaceful settlement of the conflict between Israel and its neighbours is U.N. Security Council Resolution 242 in all its parts." Furthermore, in the section dealing with the West Bank and Gaza, the negotiations to determine the final status of the territories, after the transitional period during which full autonomy was to be granted to the inhabitants, "shall be based on all the provisions and principles of U.N. Security Council Resolution 242."

Hence the Likud policy of "not an inch" of withdrawal from the occupied territories is incompatible even with lip-service to Resolution 242 or, by extension, to Camp David. If this becomes collective government policy i.e. if the new government flatly refuses to negotiate with the only available interlocutor, notwithstanding the encouragement to do so from the entire international community, then the world will have to face up to a new situa-

#### The one way forward

Needless to say permanent Israeli control over the West Bank and Gaza, (still less formal annexation) would not bring Israel peace with her neighbours. even if the Palestinian uprising were dampened down, even if the policy of expulsion advocated by the ultra-extremists were adopted. The Arah World can maintain the existing situation of no peace punctuated by intermittent warfare indefinitely: even Israel cannot hope to subdue the whole region. Dr. Conor Cruise | the Egyptians.

correctly) that Israel must resign itself to permanent slege would be fulfilled and its existence would continue to be that of a garrison state denied any normal commerce with its natural partners in the Middle East, I cannot believe that there are many people who would want this state of affairs to become a permanency.

I trust that the ship, if there is one, will not be blown off course by "terrorism". No government, let alone the PLO, can control everyone all the time and the probability is that there will be outrages provoked or perpetrated by extremists on one side or the other. But American and other intelligence should he good enough to know whether the

one will try to characterise the Palestinian uprising itself as "terrorism." Resistance to alien military occupation has always been regarded as legitimate - the West's arming of the Afghan mujahidin is just one recent example in a history going back to Queen Boadicea and before — and it would be grotesque to regard stone-throwing by teenagers at armed Israeli soldiers as acts of "terrorism." Petrol bombing a civilian bus is quite a different

PLO leadership has gone back on

its word. I am assuming that no

My long-held belief is that genuine peace will come only through direct negotiation between the parties i.e. the Israelis

and the Palestinians, not through blneprints drawn up hy outsiders. however well meaning and powerful. I have never believed in "imposed solutions" - look at Cyprus where, in 1959, Britain, Greece and Turkey imposed a solution to which neither community had aspired. But there must be a framework and Resolution 242 is the only one on which there is general agreement. I would have thought that the Israelis would have enough confidence in their own toughness and diplomatic skills to give such a scenario a try, even though this would mean facing the "dreaded" PLO across the same table -Middle East International,

# To talk or to die

By Moshe Amirav

the Middle East embodies personal symbols, dreams, memories.

The day I told my former party, the Likud, that we must open a dialogue with the PLO. I became, to them, a symbol-destroyer. In the Middle East, this is unforgivable.

Almost two years ago, I met with Faisal Husseini, the unofficial leader of the PLO in the territories. We both remember the understanding that evolved during the strange dialogue between an advocate of Greater Israel and one of Greater Palestine. Today, Faisal is in jail, and I am out of the Likud...

But the bridge huilt on the hasis of mutual compromise, on dreams - that same hridge is the one which will have to be crossed by those who will, one day, sign the treaty of peace between us and them.

Since that meeting. I have met several times with "the enemy," - in the territories, in Europe, in the U.S., in Cairo. An increasing number of Israelis have had such meetings with our "enemy" in recent months, and this trend will continue, and even grow as time

The realism that impels us to speak to one another is stronger than the Draconian law which forbids meetings for discussing peace; stronger even than the government of national unity which, by consensus, hans dialogue with the foe. The option open to us --- enlightened Israelis and practical Palestinians - is: to speak or to die...

Getting back to the symbols and dreams in Middle East politics: 1 remember in my youth the reality of Israelis meeting with Arabs abroad, and the latter refusing 10 speak with them, or even 10 shake hands. For me, this was the symbol of historic rejectionism: we extended our hand, they rejected it. This symbol provided some consolation for the awful price we paid in wars of no choice.

I have now hung m my son's room the graduation photograph of D Company's NCO course in the Paratroop Corps; I have told him of the wonderful times we had in the Red Berets, the happy, smiling ones in that 1964 photo. Today, almost half of them are no longer with us, lost in the 1967 battle for Jerusalem against the Jordanian Arah army, the Karameh battle in 1968, and the Yom Kippur War of 1973 against

O'Brien's prophecy (if I recall it This photo in the room of a

their refusal to take our hand in for your children, too, Mr.

In Cairo a short while ago, I was on the rostrum of the U.N. congress, addressing a large group of journalists from all the Arah countries. Next to me on sat Labih Terzi, the PLO's representative at the U.N. Before we had even mounted the stage facing a hall packed with Egyptian diplomats and visiting journalists. he approached me with a smile and held out his hand as a gesture of peace. Knew that the moment I shook his hand, in an act recorded by the cameras, I should be transgressing our law and liable to imprisonment. 1 turned away, avoided shaking his hand, and mounted the stage.

In my naivete, I thought I would like to have had with me that photo of the D Company graduation course, half of whose participants paid with their lives so that only today, after such a tragic delay, would Terzi be ready to approach me to shake my hand.

Have things indeed changed so much? Do Terzi, and Faisal Husseini, and all the other "enemies" I have met, want to shake our hands. Only now it is we who are the rejectionists.

At my very first meeting with Faisal, he told me: "We Palestinians are changing. We have reached the conclusion that we must give up the dream of Greater Palestine so that, together, we can live in peace as two states, side by side.

And the more time passes, the more residues of enunity are added, and the wall we are building gets higher and higher. And we are so immersed in the symbols, the dreams and the memories, that we do not see what is happening with them.

We may have lost something very Jewish, an almost genetic quality - seeing reality through the eyes of a neighbour or a foe. There are some among them, and among us, who joke about us Israelis have turned into Arabs, and they having become Jews. On that stage in Cairo, under

the U.N. flag, I heard Terzi say: "Mr. Amirav, the time has come for even you Israelis to. wake up from your dreams and fears. We are now doing this in a long, painful process. We today are giving up the old idea of a secular, democratic state in all of

the Palestinian Charter, which salem Post

youth who, in a few years, will be speaks of Greater Palestine and called up for army service, repre- the destruction of Israel. so that ALMOST everything political in sents for me a symbol, memories, there will be peace for our chiland also the price we paid for dren in part of this land. Peace

> Amirav. When I spoke with Faisal Husseini in the past, I used to see in his face the pain of realisation and admission of the mistake his father, Abdul Kader Al Husseini, had made. He used to say, "We were wrong not to accept the 1947 U.N. Partition Resolution." And his father, one of the legendary leaders of the Palestinian movement then, fell in the battle. at the Kastel on the road to Jerusalem, fighting to prevent the implementation of that U.N. de-

> cision. Faisal's son is the same age as mine. They were born 14 years ago. Each of us named our sons hy a name symbolising our heritage: he called his Abdul Kader after his father, the heroic fighter: I called mine Iri ('My City"), in honour of Jerusalem, for which I fought and was wounded in

> June 1967. I suppose both of us see our sons as extensions of our dreams, builders of the symbols of patriotic ideologies in which we both existed as proud prisoners for so

many years. In those talks I had with Faisal, when he told me quietly, but decisively, that hecause ae wished his son Abdul Kader to live in peace side by side with my son, Iri, he was ready to give up Jaffa and Haifa, how could I not give up my dream of the mountains of Samaria and Judea, Nablus and Hehron, city of the Patriarchs? But would there not be those who thought I had fallen into the net of the PLO

Machiavellis? That series of talks in Jerusalem, the meetings with PLO meo abroad, the dialogue in Cairo with Terzi - all these were not enough to convince them that something had indeed changed from Masada to Auschwitz, that the Arabs were heading for peace and not for the "Programme of Stages" designed to wipe out

Israel. But this dialogue I have conducted with them does have an historic imperative, an unquenchable drive impelling us to talk or

to die.. Who knows? The solotion may lie in those places where Jews and Arabs take leave of their symbols, their dreams, their memories....

The writer is the co-ordinator. Palestine, in order that we may of activities for the Council for find a compromise solution.

Peace and Security in Israel. The article is reprinted from the Jeru-

trag has launched a massive reconstruction in Basrah, until recently the target of Iranian artillery. The goal is to restore to the ancient port city its popular reputation as the "Venice of

By Leon Y. Barkho

BASRAH - Four months ago, had southern city of Basrah was almost a battlefield. With the war raging at its doorsteps, sandbag Mudhafar of Basrah University ged fortifications concealed told Academic File. facades of public buildings, windows and doors of shoos and

Now, this ancient port city.
from where Sinbad the Sailor reputedly launched on his planning stage. Each governvoyages, seems buildezing to-wards the future. A series of colessal public works have been launched since the cease-fire with Iran. Officials say the projects are aimed at transforming the shellridden city\_into lraq's most

In the pipeline are \$4.5 billion to reopen Iraq's only direct outlet to the sea and the outside world and revitalise the city. "Mod-ernising the city is a bold step towards peace, everlasting peace," said Mayor Anwar Hadithi. In a single night, he said. he counted as many as 372 heavy artillery shells that fell "on my beloved Basrah." The city is only about 20 kilometres from the border with Iran.

The thunder of the guns has been replaced by the noise of cranes, buildozers and heavy forries engaged in Iraq's largest and most ambitious postwar redevelopment plan.

High rises and new residential. quarters are sprouting up and plans are well ahead to supply the city with a huge network of roads, bridges and canals.

City planners say they learned from previous experiments, parti-cularly those of Britain, France and Germany where new cities emerged from the ashes of those devastated during World War II. "We have revised their plans

and learned a great deal from them. We don't want to get involved in another war -- this time against the miseries of an unplan-

Mudhafar said a party of specialists comprising mainly university professors meets regularly to evaluate projects being carried out and advise on those still in the ment organisation desires to have a finger in the pie. The commit-tee's task is to avoid reduplication and prevent the city from turning into an urban monster," he said.

Some agencies want Basrah again to live up to its popular nickname, "Venice of the East." The city contains little that is architecturally comparable to Venice even though the wooden facades of houses in the old streets retain their charm amid heavy damage by the Iranian artillery. The canals are being cleared of the debris of war.

Basrah's potential, say the planners, lies in restoring its ambience and "the romance" of a legendary place. "Modernisation has to be part of this romance. We, the Basrawis, are closely associated with Shatt al-Arab (waterway), its canals, creeks of said Dr. Farouq al-Umer, the Basrah University's

urban planning specialist.
"We need to plant more palm trees, increase the area of cultivated land and care for the fauna and flora of Basrah," he said.

Laid away from the urban hub are thick date groves with an estimated 10 million trees. The whole area from Shatt al-Arab up to Amara on the Tigris and Suqesh Shiyukh on the Euphrates is dotted with gardens, many of them on the banks of calm lagoons, where canoes lie idle. Wildlife is returning to these traditional retreats.

The shaded canal just below Ashar, the heart of the city, is once again full of singing and dancing — a magnet for picnick-ers and wedding parties. At the momeot, most of the celebrations are in an improvised environment. Basrawi revellers arrive in groups, loaded with food and drink, spread their carpets, produce hand-drums and begin their

dancing.

But Mayor Hadithi, though environment conscious, may have other priorities. Thousands of the civilians have returned to the city following the United Nationsbrokered cease-fire on Aug. 20. Priority has to be given to housing and public amenities," said a senior government official. "The

war's legacy is very harsh." According to proviocial re-cords, about 65,000 heavy anillery shells fell on the city's residential quarters, destroying thousands of bouses — actually one house in three — 140 schools, 57 mosques, 13 hotels, 18 hospitals, six churches and 1,588 civilian cars. The shelling killed 1,638

civilians and wounded 7,282.
Since the cease-fire, life has been returning to normal. The old bazaar once again is crowded with shoppers and the shops are well stocked. The visitors is greeted by the mixed fragrance of spice, herbs and coffee - just as in the old days.

Hadithi, formerly the mayor of Mosul in northern Iraq, has been very cautious in his bandling of old Basrah. But the war bas taken a toll of the old bouses. Several grand structures, with their high, pointed windows and facades of latticed Sbenashil, the overhanging wooden balconies, fell easy prey to Iran's heavy shelling.

The mayor intends to restore as many of these old houses as possible. Restorers from the Antiquities Department already have drawn up plans to preserve the rows of impressive old structures on both sides of the canal. It is only Basrah's harbour

which is not on the move. The forest of cranes at the wbarves of the port is at a standstill since the start of the hostilities in 1980. Rusting hulls of ships lie along-side the jetties opposite the hand-

somely domed Port Authority city has other resources to draw fine example of the British Raj period architecture.

NEUTRAL ZONE

Tigris

Euphrates

Baghdad

IR**Y**Q

Marshes

SAUDI ARABIA

Basrah

So far, Iran bas refused to clear the Shatt al-Arab waterway which forms the frontline between the two countries. The channel has silted up. Iraq has said that it will divert the Shatt alternative port if the dispute century. over the blocked waterway is not resolved.

If that happens, the strategic position of Basrah as a commercial and industrial hub of southern Iraq might change. But the

building, a relic of the 1930s and a on. Founded in about 538 by the second caliph Umar Khattab. Basrah boasts one of the richest cultural legacies io the Arab World.

KUVAIT

For almost three centuries after its foundation, Basrah was the capital of the Arab Muslim empire, reaching its zenith in the al-Arab waterway and build an 8th and the beginning of the 9th

Here Arabic grammar was born and made illustrious by Sibawayh and Khalil bin Ahmad. Here too, Islamic mysticism was first introduced by Hasan al-Basri and his disciples. Arabic prose

was also born in Basrah of the pens of Ibn al-Mugafa and al-

C Academic File.

Basrah

IRAN

Marshes

Revival

In poetry Basrah bas had no rival. It can claim the great Umayyad poets and modernists Bashshar bin Burd and Abu

More than 1,500 Arab poets gathered in Baghdad recently to commemorate Basrah's Mirbad, the ancient halting place for cara-vans and venue of poets and men of letters. The large share of Arab history that Basrah can claim alone should bold the city in good stead for years to come.

— Academic File.

## **Population rise slows** Africa's progress

THE WORLD economy grew by about four per cent in 1988, the sixth year of its recovery from the "stagflation" brought about by the dramatic upsurge io oil prices from 1974 onwards.

Even Africa, the poorest confinent, achieved an estimated growth rate of 2.5 per cent, almost double the figure for 1987. Unfortunately, however, the increase in the gross domestic product again failed to keep pace with the rise in population which reached three per cent.

Consequently, as the United Nations Economic Commission (ECA) for Africa points out in its annual review, Africans grew poorer. Moreover, the ECA warns that the trend is most likely 10 be repeated this year.

A similar increase in the economic growth rate would not match population growth so that the decade-long decline in living standards would continue.

The Commission's executive secretary, Adebayo Adedii, went even further by saying that even this "cheerless" forecast might prove to be optimistic if the main underlying assumption — that the continent would enjoy favourable weather conditions — turned our to be misplaced.

Illustrating the cumulative impact of persistent economic crisis on the standards and living conditions of the average African, Adedii said: "Today, his or her per capita income is only about 80 per cent of what it was at the beginning of the decade."

Due to weaknesses in the

prices of its commodity exports, Africa had been unable to free itself from the trap of having to spend more than it earned to buy imports and repay its debts.

The continent's external debt now stood at \$230 billion, an increase of \$12 billion on the 1987 figure, Adedji said.

For two major commodity exports, however, the outlook has brightened considerably. Market

prices for coffee recently reached

a two-year peak, while those for cocoa rose 10 their highest level since last August.

Coffee prices rose sharply as a result of panic buying caused by lower crop prospects and other problems in key Latin American

producer-countries. This gives African producers an opportunity to step into the breach. In Brazil, which normally takes the lion's share of exports — about 30 per cent — adverse weather may reduce April's harvest by half. A dock strike there has exacerbated the supply problem, while the weather has also

Central America. Meanwhile, cocoa prices rose to \$1,620 per tonne following the disclosure that a leading producer. Côte d'Ivoire, had concluded its biggest ever export deal.

affected crop prospects in much

Under this the West African country will sell 400,000 ionnes more than 75 per cent of its average annual exports - to a French company. The deal, reached after lengthy secret talks, is seen as part of a concerted effort by France to rehabilitate the Ivorian ecocomy.

When be announced it in Abidjan, President Houphouet-Boigny said the aim was to shield the Cote d'Ivoire from speculators who had driven down cocoa prices. For several months his country bad been under attack from speculators trying to subvert its policy of paying fair prices to cocoa farmers.

About four of every ten of the Côte d'Ivoire's ten million population depend on the commodity for their living. Cocoa, which represents about 40 per cent of exports, helped to create the economic boom of the 1970s and early 1980s.

But market prices fell to reach a 13-year low in 1987, and this bas strained the Ivorian government's finances due to its insistence on continuing to protect the growers - Lion features,

## An opera house is born

By Heinz Stachelhaus

THE history of architecture offers countless examples of plans. for buildings that were never carried out. The reasons vary: often it was the to lack of money, often because the ideas were too utopian. But putting a design on ice for 30 years before realising it is happened in Essen. Invitations were extended to enter a competition for the design of an opera house in 1958. Alvar Aalt, the distinguished Finnish architect, won first prize. A contract was signed in 1960, and, four years later, the plans and models were exhibited. They were finally ready for execution in 1976; Alvar Aalto died the same year, aged-78.

In 1979, the Essen City Council adopted a basic resolution to build the theatre according to Aalto's plans - once the new City Hall had been completed. This provoked massive protest from the public. There was a federal-wide campaign by architects opposing the resolution - not opposing Alvar Aalto whose stature had never been disnuted. The main tenor of the criticism was that, whilst Aalto's design udoubtedly represents an important piece of modern

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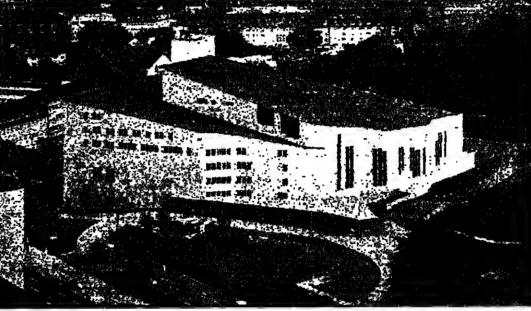
architecture, it. was - two decades later - no longer in keeping with the times in the light of architectural developments since the 1960s, Moreover, the building costs — a figure of 150 million German marks was mentioned were far too high, they objected.

But the Essen City Council did not allow itself to be dissuaded. Münsterbased architect Harald Deilmann to proceed with the planning: in other words, to adapt Aalto's design to the latest state-of-theart technologically. Building work commenced in 1983, and in September 1988 — 30 years after the competition - the new edifice, which had only cost 130 million marks after all, was ceremoniously dedicated with a performance of Richard Wagner's Meistersinger".

No doubt about it: the Aalto Theatre, as the building is now known officially, is one of the outstanding pieces of international architecture in this century. It is gigantic but not overwhelming; in its dimensions it is a harmonious and bumane sculpture, showing the unmistakable hand of architect Alvar Aalto. Its specific form of appearance is fascinating, reminiscent of a crag or a tree stump, sawn off at an angle - as Aalto intended.

As far back as the 1930s, Aalto's architectural philosophy was based on the idea that it was essential to realise organic concepts. For Aallo, this meant integrating the building into the existing spatial situation; in other words, he always regarded architecture in a broader cityplanning context. With bis theatre concept, Aalto also attempted an overall solution. Now that it is finished, it has emerged that the building in the municipal garden area could not have been better sited: architecture and nature form an optimal ambiente.

Aalto also strived for the formal optimum with and in his building. He designed chairs and tables for the cafeteria, prescribed ribbed black leather for the bandrails and horsebair coverings for the doors to the auditorium. He insisted on the skirting being bronze and that the bronze supports for the handrails were really cast. We have to thank Harald Deilmann together with Elissa Aalto, the Finnish architect's second wife and beiself a trained architect, who was engaged as consultant for the overall design — for the fact that careful attention was paid to all these details. Right from the start, Deilmann's maxim



Completed after 30 years of planning: the Essen Opera House, designed by Finnish architect Alvar Aulto. It is probably the last theatre of this order of

magnitude to be dedicated in the Federal Republic of Germany in this century. (Photo INP/Dieter

for further work on the design was the preservation of Aalto's artistic and architectural concept, making due allowance for the changes which bad occurred with the passing of time in regard to the music-theatre's spatial programme. Furthermore, the design had to be adapted to the latest building and technical regula-

Exterior and interior: Aalto's architecture is conspicuous for its

clearness, its interesting and diversified disposition. Whether it is the "skin" of vertically profiled bight granite with asymetricallyarranged rows of windows, or the grandiose sequence of foyers, staircases and galleries - one senses everywhere that Aalto was not an architect with a love of detail: he was a master-builder intent on giving people a feeling of warmth, security, whilst simultaneously creating spatial ex-

panse, opening up vistas. The fascination of the Aalto Theatre in Essen emanates from this contrast between nearness and distance, openness and compactness. There it stands, this gigantic tree stump, a historical monument, but nevertheless con-

temporary. In this respect it is a

over the fashionable post-

#### Where frogs mean money frogs' legs in the first four months

By Charles Lambelin

BOGOTA - Colombia is preparing to jump into the booming world market for frogs' legs, which is worth tens of millions of

More than 10,000 tonnes of frogs' legs - mostly from Asian nations like India, Indonesia and Bangladesh — are exported every year and end up on tables in the United States, France and other West European countries.

biggest consumers with 4,000 tonnes of frogs' legs in 1980.

The United States come second with imports of between 2,000 and 3,000 tonnes a year. Colombia's Exports Promotion

Fund, (PROEXPO), and the Natural Resources Defence Institute, are promoting studies on the possible impact on environment of setting up frog farms. "Colombian ambient condi-

tions, which warm and stable climates all year round, give the country comparative advantages for frog breeding," PROEXPO said in its latest monthly bulletin.

The venture seems financially attractive as prices are on the way up, due to a relative scarcity. In the United States, wholesale prices rose 25 per cent this year to \$4.65 per half kilogramme, PROEXPO said.

triumph of the classical-modern U.S. trade department statistics show that the United States imported \$2.75 million worth of

The scarcity is due to conservation measures taken by the main producers in Asia, where frogs

of the year, up 34 per cent over the same period of 1987.

are hunted rather than bred. Frogs vs. insects Bangladesh, which normally

covers 75 per cent of U.S. needs. suspended exports last April after discovering that the extermination of frogs, which live on insects, could lead to an increase in also found out that the cost of imported insectides exceeded income from frogs' legs exports.

A similar situation is developing in India and China, which have restricted exports.

Japan and Cuba were among the first countries to import bull frogs and set them free in ricegrowing areas. The two countries were each exporting about 900 tonnes in the late 1960s.

But in both cases, frogs were hunted rather than bred and the frog population was soon deci-mated. Cuba had to cut down its exports while Japan became a net importer.

Brazil was the first country in Latin America to experiment in breeding frogs in tanks and now bas more than 1,000 frog farms.

Brazil's national association of frog growers estimated the world market at 10,000 tonnes in 1983 and more than 15,000 tonnes in

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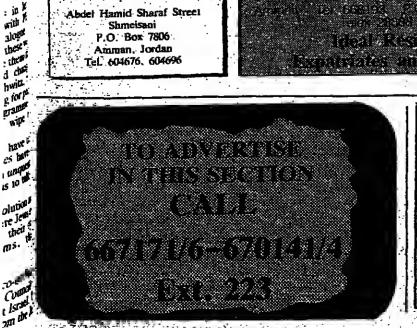
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PHILADELPHIA (R) — Trusting that money never

# Philadelphia exchange kicks off trading

sleeps, the Philadelphia Stock Exchange Friday launched an historic pre-dawn trading session for foreign currency options and futures.

(0930 GMT) for excited but bleary-eyed traders. Moments later the new session completed its first trade — 650 option contracts for Deutschemarks.

While the exchange moved up the start of trading to attract more European husiness by overlapping with morning hours there, officials acknowledged the gruelling nature of the new hours. 'It requires a certain amount of insanity," exchange president Nicbolas Giordano said of the

pre-dawn trading, the first-ever

by a U.S. exchange. Volume for the debut session totalled 12,000 currency option contracts, more than double the exchange's initial target of 5,000

Senior exchange officials rang estimated break-even point. The the opening bell at 4:30 a.m. exchange's entire daytime exchange's entire daytime volume averaged about 40,000 contracts a session in 1988.

Futures and options are contracts to buy or sell various items - from wheat to foreign currency - at a specified price on or until some future date. An option differs from a future in that it is only the right, but not the ohligation, to buy or sell.

Daytime trading in Philadelphia previously started at g a.m. (1300 GMT). The session ends at 2:30 p.m. (1930 GMT), followed by a night session from 6:00 p.m. to 10:00 p.m. (2300 GMT to 0300 GMT the next day) that began in September 1987 to attract Asian husiness.

The new morning session gives contracts and twice the session's Philadelphia the longest trading

day of any world exchange. The exchange has said it will consider longer nighttime hours if the ear-

ly-morning trading succeeds.
"The sun never rises and sets on foreign currency options trading," said Tague Securities Corp Chairman Barry Tague. Tague, who spearheaded Phi-

ladelphia's pioneering of currency options trading in 1982, said the expanded hours were vital given the 24-hour over-the-counter currency options market and the fact that Europe accounts for np to 50 per cent of Philadelphia's

currency options business.

After five years of rapid growth, the exchange's overall volume in foreign currency options fell last year to about 10 million contracts from 10.4 million in 1987. Exchange members were en-

thusiastic about the new hours, approved last fall, although some were concerned about the personal inconvenience of working in the wee hours of the morning, brokerage officials said at the world's two largest futures ex-

"It's not bad if you're a bat," said Bear Stearns and Co operations official Albert Carter. "You sure can't beat the traffic this

"Coming in this early doesn't bother me at all, as long as there's business," said currency options hroker Michael Donegan at Prudential-Bache Securities Inc.

The extended morning shift should create about 50 new jobs for floor traders, brokers and clerks, said Arnold Staloff, president of Philadelphia Board of Trade Inc., which oversees currency options and futures trading. About 150 people work the currency options floor during a normal daytime session.

Dealers fear fraud allegations may hit futures trading

Meanwhile, dealers on the criminal activities.

changes fear trading may be hit by allegations of massive corruption in which floor traders and brokers cheated their customers and each other out of millions of dollars.

Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) agents, posing as floor traders, uncovered the fraud in a probe of the Chicago Board of Trade and the Chicago Mercantile Exchange that could yield indictments against 150 people and may involve organised crime, a source close to the investigation

Officially the investigation is still a secret. U.S. Attorney Anton Valukis, who is believed to be leading the investigation, said Friday; "I can say nothing." An investigation source told Reuters that FBI agents believe organised crime used the floor of the Chicago Mercantile Exchange to launder illegal profits from

The source said relatives of organised crime figures have worked at the Chicago Mercantile Exchange in positions where they could lannder crooked

A spokesman for that exchange called the organised crime report "unfounded and irresponsible." Employees at the Chicago Board of Trade and the Chicago

Mercantile Exchange openly expressed hope Friday, as the exchanges closed for the weekend, that the full extent of a government investigation into their operations would soon be made public.

But dealers on both exchanges fear the continuing uncertainty could dampen trading in futures, which involves speculation on the future price of commodities such as grain or financial instruments such as bonds. The probe has already deflated

prices of seats on both exchanges, where one seat sold Friday for \$40,000 less than the asking price just two weeks earlier.

"We are going to see a slowdown in trading volume in the near term unless further details are provided by the authorities on the FBI investigation," one wor-ried trader said Friday.

"There's always bound to be a few bad apples when there are large numbers of traders on the floor... they must be exposed so ments."
that the public knows we are all not a bunch of crooks and confidence can be restored," said a

broker.

The fraud probe may result in the indictment of 150 or more traders, in an investigation which 1986 Wall Street insider trading

scandal in scope. The Chicago Mercantile Exchange also denied broadcast and newspaper reports that its firms turned a profit of more than or officers had been subpoensed,

'Rumours and reports concerning subpoenas being issued to bean trading pit. the firms or officers of the exchange are unfounded and irresponsible. We do not believe that any of our firms are implicated in any wrongdoing. To our know-ledge, a limited number of snbpoenas have been issued to brokers and traders, and one has been issued to the exchange for docu-

The government has subpoenaed records and files of both exchanges dating back to 1983.

sources have said could rival the promote trade rigging and profit skimming.
The Chicago Tribune reported that one of the FBI 'moles' held a seat on the board of trade and

\$100,000 during the year he worked the floor trying to taperecord illegal dealing in the soya Investigators were tipped off to

the money laundering scheme by street informants, the source said, while the inquiry into cheating on the exchange floors was begun after individuals within the futures industry itself asked the FBI for help in rooting out fraud.

Japanese yen (for 100) 382.0 383.9 Duach guilder 235.2 236.4 Swedish crown 77.8 78.2 Italian lira (for 100) 36.2 36.4 Belgian franc (for 10) 127.6

## Iraq puts more tourist facilities for privatisation

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

GENEVA (R) — The World Health Organisation (WHO) has

agreed to spend 13.5 U.S. cents per year for every person in the world over the next two years to raise global health standards. A statement issued Friday at the end of the WHO executive board

meeting, accepted Director-General Hiroshi Nakajima's proposed

budget of over \$653 million for the 1990-91 period, \$44 million up

on 1988-89. Voluntary contributions made outside the regular

budget — for which compulsory assessments are made — would

provide approximately \$700 million of additional support to special

WHO programmes around the world, the statement added. A spokesman for the Geneva-based U.N. organisation said the extra money would come from governments, as well as public and

private institutions to support specific programmes, such as the fight against AIDS. WHO, founded in 1948, has 166 member

nations and is engaged in a campaign to provide essential health

SHARJAH, United Arah Emirates (AP) — Algerian Oil Minister Sadek Bousenna was quoted Friday as saying he opposes an increase in the \$18 a barrel OPEC benchmark price, despite the

current upward trend on the world market. "Algeria would prefer to see an increase in the production ceiling rather than in prices as a

means of guaranteeing stability in the oil market," Bousenna was

quoted as saying in an interview with the Al Khaleej daily

newspaper. Bousenna described the market situation as "highly

sensitive" and stressed that OPEC members were "strictly adher-

ing" to their individual quotas. Bousenna's predecessor, Belkacem Nahi, had described the \$1\$ price as "barely acceptable," demanding that the group should aim for a price of \$28 per barrel.

JAKARTA (AP) - Currency appreciation will boost investment

in Indonesia by Asia's industrial countries, the official Antara

News Agency said Saturday. High exchange rates of local

currencies have pushed up production costs in Japan, South Korea,

Taiwan, Hong Kong and Singapore forcing investors to look for

new places to operate ahroad, said Sanyoto Sastrowardoyo, chief

of the investment board. "Many investors in those countries can't

take it any longer. They are now seeking to invest in other countries," Sanyoto told the news agency. Low production costs in

Indonesia will be a great advantage to attract foreign investors, the news agency said. Sanyoto said the government approved \$4.4 billion worth of new foreign investment proposals in 1988, no from

\$1.46 billion in the previous year. Japan and the four other large

Asian industrial economies accounted for \$1.7 billion of foreign

care for the world's population by the year 2000.

Indonesia eyes Asian investors

Algeria opposes oil price above \$18

WHO approves \$653 million budget

BAGHDAD (AP) — The gov-ernment has offered more of its hy individual businessmen will be tourist facilities for sale in a new turned over to them.

Al Iraq newspaper reported that the government has offered 74 tourist facilities for sale to the private sector, including major Baghdad hotels and resort vil-

lages in northern Iraq. Al-Iraq quoted the government official in charge of selling the tourist facilities as saying that 36 tourist projects will be sold to companies set up specifically to run them, while 38 projects will be sold to individual entrep-

The official, Abdul Tawab Mullah Huwaish, said major projects which need larger investlished companies, while small at their boards," be said.

bid to privatise its tourist sector, according to a Baghdad daily money will be paid by the private sector to takeover the projects mainly hotels, restaurants and tourist villages.

The government last week sold two of its major Baghdad hotels including the prestigious Sher-

aton to a private company. Last year the government abolished the State Tourism Authority and decided to sell all its assets

to the private sector. Huwaish said the government would take shares in the new companies but will not be represented on their boards of direc-

"Our policy is not to run these ments will be sold to newly estab- facilities or even be represented

# Active buying buoys silver

NEW YORK (R) - New York in the busiest session in over two months as the market speculated the metal's recent tumble was

overdone. March silver, which fell to 22month lows last Thursday, jumped 20.7 cents to a 1989 high of \$6.245 an ounce on the New

York Commodity Exchange (N.Y. Comex). The metal's rise boosted February Comex gold by \$4.80, to \$409.30 an ounce, while April platinum futures rose by \$10.40,

to \$546.10 an ounce, on the New York Mercantile Exchange. Silver futures fell last week to \$5.83 an ounce, their lowest price since March 1987, but have since surged amid heightened investor

interest in the cheap metal. "Silver is a bargain and smart money traders seem to be accumulating," said Don Tierney of the metal trading firm Stanley

Silver prices peaked at over \$8 an ounce last July before eroding amid a global surplus. Any further drop in prices will force the industry to close a number of mines, analysts said. Production

costs are relatively high.

The metal's future direction is still unclear, analysts cautioned. The market is too close to the lows and buyers should wait for silver to distance itself from those

Silver is vulnerable because it is the banks' intentions perfectly silver prices rose sharply Friday a by-product in the mining of base metals. Analysts fear the metal's surplus could worsen as copper companies, encouraged by record high prices, increase

their production. Jeffrey Nichols of American Precious Metals Adviser said silver has suffered from speculative apathy this year, due to the strong dollar and low inflation. Precious metals are often bought as a hedge against inflation or a weak dollar.

#### Central banks continue assanlt on dollar

Meanwhile, central banks renewed their attack on the dollar Priday in the second straight day of coordinated intervention to knock the currency off its recent

31/2-month highs. The dollar fell to 1.8375 marks from Thursday's close of 1.8545 marks and slipped to 127.75 year

from 128.65 yen. The Federal Reserve (Fed). West German Bundesbank and six other central banks sold dollars, reinforcing their commit-ment to drag the U.S. currency down, dealers said.

On Thursday the Fed, Bundesbank and eight other central banks dumped between \$750 million and \$1 billion on the market. While Friday's actions were not levels before making any serious as aggressive, the back-to-back currency rose to 1.1891 Canadian nature of the dollar attack made

clear, dealers said.

The dollar peaked at 1.8725 marks and 128.70 yen Wednesday and finally declined Thursday after the Fed and Bundesbank intervened four times each and five West European central banks raised key interest rates.

The Bundesbank sold dollars at about 1.85 marks Friday while the Fed joined in later at 1.8495 marks, dealers said. The central banks of Austria, Belgium, Britain, France, Italy and Switzerland soon followed suit.

The dollar responds only to massive assaults, dealers said, as it draws strength from firm U.S. interest rates and hopes that President Bush will tackle the federal

budget deficit. The dollar fell in the afternoon after Bush failed to outline a deficit-cutting plan in his inaugural speech, dealers said. The new president urged negotiation between the White House and Congress but did not mention a speci-

While the week's intervention did rein in the dollar, some traders worried about this method of stabilising foreign exchange rates.

The dollar fell against most major currencies, slipping to 1.5600 Swiss francs from 1.5780 francs and boosting the pound to \$1.7775 from \$1.7645. The U.S. dollars from Thursday's 1.1865.

#### commitments," said one. British inflation accelerates to 6.8%

in December but a rise in con- gradually moderate." somer spending slowed in the last three months of 1988, a sign that was blamed mainly on higher government efforts to cool an prices for food. overheating economy are suc-

cent last month, was the highest mands made in response threaten since July 1985. Home loan and to set off a wage inflation spiral." bank lending also rose in De-

But the rise in consumer spend-

This followed a progressive increase in interest rates from 7.5 to 13 per cent since June, made by Chancellor of the Exchequer cent by the end of 1989. Chancellor of the Exchequer Nigel Lawson in an attempt to

cool the economy.

Analysts said the latest crop of higher interest rates were having their effect although inflation had

Roger Nightingale, an economist with stockbrokers Smith New Court, said: "The indications are that things are going relatively well... the chancellor is finding that his interest rates medicine is

LONDON (R) — Inflation in finally working. I think he will be bank) said the figures always Britain accelerated to 6.8 per cent happy to sit and watch the figures showed a large increase in De-

The rise in December inflation

Opposition Lahonr Party spokesman Michael Meacher de-Official figures Friday said the scribed the 6.8 per cent rate as inflation rate, which rose 0.3 per crippling and added: "Wage de-Meacher said: "In 1988, Britain is unique in the developed

world - a high inflation, high ing was 1.4 per cent compared with 2.2 per cent in the third quarter of 1988.

world — a nigh mination unemployment economy."

Analysts expect inflati reach between seven and Analysts expect inflation to reach between seven and eight

The government says inflation

figures are distorted by the inclusion of the cost of mortgage statistics were in line with ex-pectations and signalled that line with interest rates. Excluding mortgages, inflation was 5.1 per cent in December, unchanged from November.

Bank and building society lending in December rose by £7 billion (\$12.3 billion) compared with £5.4 billion (\$9.5 billion) in

November. The Bank of England (central showed a large increase in December.

### Unemployment declines

Earlier, the government re-ported that the number of people without jobs in Britain fell in December to its lowest for nearly eight years.

Seasonally adjusted memployment was down to 2.04 million or 7.2 per cent of the workforce last month from 2.1 million or 7.5 per cent in November.

At the same time, the Employment Department said average earnings in November rose by a lower-than-expected 8.75 per cent from nine per cent in October.

Economists said the slowdown in pay rises was an encouraging sign for Lawson in his fight to

Brokers County Natwest Wood-mac, siad: "Clearly the figures

Lawson's attempts to choke off inflationary growth with a tough

unemployed, combined with stricter rules on the claiming of unemployment benefits have also helped bring the jobless figure

fall in industrial ontput in November, while the market had expected a 0.3 per cent rise after October's 0.5 per cent rise.

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Saturday, Jan. 21, 1989 Central Bank official rates

#### AMMAN (J.T.) - The follo week starting Sunday, Jan. 14, '89 and Par

#### **Banking and financial institutions** 1.000 Industrial Development Bank ..... 1.000 2,350 1,850 21608 Petra Bank Jordan Islamic Bank 1.000

Jordan Kuwait Bank ..... Jordan Gulf Bank ..... 33000 30,000

1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 5.000 Housing Bank
Arab Jordan Investment Bank 29.000 15.250 142.500 Cairo Amman Bank ..... 5.000 15,900 41186 Bank of Jordan ..... 862272 48849 Jordan National Bank .....

Arab Bank ..... Jordan Finance House for Development .....

1.000

contain inflation. Bob Semple, an economist at

are to be welcomed." The fall in unemployment was seen as evidence of continued strength in the economy, despite

interest rate policy. Government schemes for the

The government also announced a surprise 0.1 per cent

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Jordan Investment and Finance Corporation	6900	15547	2.450	2.550	1,000
Finance and Credit Corporation	202805	119319	0.560	0.610 2.040	1.000 1.000
National Financial Investments	550 26026	1109 21988	2.060 0.850	0.850	1.000
National Portfolio Securities	20020	21700	0.650	0.000	1.000
Jordan Securities Corporation	40072	41506	0.920	1.040	1.000
Real Estate Financing Corporation	100.2	_			2.000
Al Mashrek Exchange	259420	161.581	1.110	1.090	10.000
Insurance and reinsurance	·		•		
Histiance and temperance					
Jordan French Insurance	_	_	··· —	_	1.000
REFCO Life Insurance		_	_	_	1.000
Jordan Insurance	_	_	_	_	1.000 1.000
Arab Life and Accident Insurance	650	891	1.310	1.370	1.000
Holy Land Insurance		_			1.000
Philadelphia Insurance	300	323	1.080	1.100	1.000
Arab Union International Insurance	_	_	_	_	1.000
Jerusalem Insurance	_	_	_		1.000
Jordan-Gulf Insurance	· -		_	_	1.000
General Arabia Insurance	82800	82847	1.000	1.210	1:000 10.000
Middle East Insurance National Ahliya Insurance	-	-		1.210	1.000
Arab Belgian Insurance and Reinsurance	_	_	_	_	1.000
United Insurance	_		_		1.000
Universal Insurance	66615	48770	0.680	0.760	1.000
Services and industries				•	•
General Investments	· ·_	_	_	_	1.000
Inma for Investment and Financial Facilities	40313	31468	0.670	0.830	1.000
Darco for Housing and Investment	36343	· 30376	0.800	0.830	1.000
Real Estate Investment (Aqarco)	128211	84552	0.650	0.660	1.000
Jordan Gulf Real Estate Investment	147725	62126	0.440	0.430	1.000
Petra Enterprises and Leasing Equipments	150 118150 -	93 21262	0.650 0.680	0.620 ·0.680	1.000
Equipment Leasing & Maintenance/Ta'jecroo	4050	1094	0.780	0.770	1.000 1.000
International Contracting & Investment	_	-	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	1.000
Jordanian Electric Power	2539	4364	1.690	1.730	1.000
Irbid District Electricity  Arab International Hutels	8800	5482	0.600	0.600	1.000
Hotels and Tourism	120	276	2_300	0.630 2.300	1.000 1.000
United Middle East and Commodore Hotels	5000	4000	0.800	0.800	1.000
Garage Owners Federation Office	1020	4692	4.600	4.600	1.000
Jordan National Shipping Lines	9320	8711	0.940	0.930	. 1.000
Jordan Press and Publishing	1000	1900	1.900	1.900	1.000 1.000
Dar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing	88182	52569	0.560	0.610	1.000
Jordan Dairy	7459	7608	1.020	1.020	1.000
Arab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Intermediate Petrochemical Industries	4965 681810	11459 1075591	2.340	2.300	1.000
Jordan Phosphate Mines	2193	8022	1.510 3.650	1.630 3.730	1.000 : 1.000 :
Industrial, Commercial and Agricultural (Intaj)	68663	104398	1.520	1.530	1.000
Arab Chemical Detergent Industries	700	3010	4.400	4.300	1.000
Jordan Kuwait for Agricultural Products Jordan Sweets and Chocolate Manufacturing	=	. =	_		1.000
Aladdin Industries	321860	519211	1.570	1.670	1.000 1.000
Arab Aluminium Manufacturing	44844	91974	2.030	2.070	1.000
Jordan Worsted Mills	300	1500	5.000	5.000	1.000
Jordan Ceramics Chemical Industries	11120 44975	18835 118940	1.660	1.670	1,000
Jordan Industries and Match (JIMCO)	38850	26445	2.580 0.670	2.700 0.690	1.000 1.000
Dar Al Dawa' for Development and Investment	10425	23123	2.210	2.230	1.000
National Steel Industries	17700	51653	2.950	2.900	1.000
- General Mining	125890 1000	385819 1500	3.020	3.030	5.000
Jordan Petroleum Refinery	1594	13801	1.450 8.630	1.500 8.700	1.000
Jordan Lime & Brick	586544	135532	0.200	0.230	1.000
National Industries  Arab Paper Converting and Trading	13696			· · · · —	1.000
Arab Investment and International Trade	40366	4803 37814	0.340	0.360	1.000 .
Jordan Wooden Industries (JWICO)	15073	23222	1.570	. 0.810 1.540	1.000
Livestock and Poultry	17674				1.000
Rafia Industrial for Plastic Bags	17424	26374	1.530	1.530	1.000
Jordan Paper and Cardboard			_ =	<u> </u>	1.000
Jordan Rockwool Industries Trans-Jordan Minerals Research	787366	775547	0.930	1.040	1.000
Jordan Himeh Mineral	400	300		L	1.000
Orient Dry Batteries Factory			0.750	0.750	1.000 1.000
Woolen Industries  Jordan Tanzing	2920	2482	0.860	0.850	1.000
Jordan Printing and Packaging	385	828	2.150	2.150	5.000
Jordan Tobacco and Cigarette	· Ξ·	- : · <u></u>		7 ( ) <del>- 1</del>	£.000
Mas Industries			. <u> </u>		1.000
Arab Center for Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals National Cable & Wire Manufacturing	-		· <del>_</del>		1.000
Jordan Spinning & Weaving	657096 21568	836635	1.210	1.290	1.000
Jordan Suloho Chemicals	42556	20598 121427	0.960	0.960	1.000
Jordan Cement Factories	90190	181152	2.740 1.260	2.870	1.000
Jordan Glass Industries	26952	27033	1.260	1.240	1.050 1.000
Grand total	~ ~		* ************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

## **DOCTOR'S CAR FOR SALE**

investment approved in Indonesia last year, Sanyoto said.

Austin Montego 1987, 2 litres, fully automatic, all extras, moonraker blue. Price JD 9,500

Tel: Amman 812034



#### Amman Baccalaureate School seeks for August 1989

1. Art & Design: Head of Department (painting, sculpture, English language and literature — Junior School & Senior School to IGCSE and International Baccalaureate.

3. Deputy Head Junior School - Arabic/English with strong background in science teaching.

Candidates must be qualified and experienced teachers. Position (2) requires native speakers. Applications from reception (tel. 845835). Deadline Jan.

# PENT HOUSE IN UM-UTHAINA

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Fumished, fully equipped kitchen, three bedrooms, three bathrooms, reception area includes dining 50 square metres. Most beautiful roof garden of an area 200 square metres. Magnificent view of Amman. Independent central heating. Garage and telephone. Location: Near the Saudi Arabian ambassador's

If interested, please call Tel: 810303.

MIAMI (R) - Carcionati Bengals head coach Sam Wyche took pains Friday not to say anything inflammatory that might give the San Francisco Ders extra incentive in Sunday's Super Bowl

We really don't have a chance to win dos," he told reporters, a sly gritr spreading across his face

in fact, Wyche went to such lengths to full the 49ers into over-confidence that it was a good thing none of his own players were at the morning news conference to hear him say they didn't have a chance.

"You've got to have two sides. They've already sold the ads and the TV people are in place, so we're going to play the game," Wyche joked.

He appeared serious when he said San Francisco's experience in winning two Super Bowls in the past seven years gives the 49ers an edge.

"They ought to be the favourites," Wyche said of the National Conference champion 49ers, who are tipped to win Super Bowl XXIII by a touch-

"They outmatch us in virtually every category starting with the head coach. They have the edge by a long shot on that," he said referring to his mentor. San Francisco head coach Bill Walsh.

Cincinnati has the number one offence in the National Football League and a better regular season record — 12-4 to San Francis-co's 10-6 — but Wyche was relishing his teams' role as under-

dogs.
This is the classic... confrontation. There's Goliath and bere come the little Davids. We've got our sling shots. We've and we're going to play like crazy," Wyche said. The Cincinnati coach contimued to pay homage to Walsh, who gave Wyche his first

coaching job. "I owe a lot of the things that are happening to me now to Bill. Bill has added an intellectual aspect and artistry to the game. I respect him a lot, but I'm going to go out and try to kick his butt

unday."
As if he had let his true combative feelings about the Bengals' chances slip out for a minute. Wyche went right back to prais-

ing the opposition.

"We're a good running team, they're a better running team. We're good tackling team,

they're a better tackling team.

They'll be the guys in the big armour. We'll be the guys in the sandals and leather wraps. But I'll promise you this, it's going to be a heck of a football game."

Walsh, no stranger to pre-game mind games, laughed when told his good friend and now rival said the Bengals had virtually no chance to win.

"I hate to see Sam take that kind of attitude going into a big game," Walsh said. "Maybe I ought to call him and pep him

#### The Ickey shuffle

On Super Bowl Sunday viewers from some 42 nations will likely get their first glimpse of the Ickey shuffle - the dance step that may replace Michael Jackson's moonwalk in American pop-culture.

The joyous post-touchdown celebration dance performed by Cincinnati Bengals' rookie runming sensation Ickey Woods is sweeping the nation and should he score on Sunday they could be got our smooth stones. We're doing the Ickey shuffle from Au-looking for their vulnerable spots stralia to Yugoslavia.

#### **GOREN BRIDGE**

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

A CALCULATED RISK

East-West vulnerable. South NORTH # 042 AKO AKO WEST EAST # A 9 8 6 5 ♥ K 4 2 ♥ Void ♥ J 10 9 8 3 ♥ 7 6 4 2 \*985 \*\* Q 632 · -SOUTH

4 A 7 The bidding: South West N 3 V Pass 4 Pass .. Opening lead: King of 4

If you open any beginners' bridge book, you'll find it contains a table of opening leads. These standard leads will keep you on the right track most of the time, but slavishly following them can prove costly—as this hand proves.

At both tables in a team match

the final contract was four hearts, reached in an identical manner. Note that, despite his 19 high-card points, North did not even think of siam opposite his partner's pre-

THE BETTER HALF.

empt. He knew his side was off at least one ace, and there had to be another loser somewhere,

At one table West made the dar-ing opening lead of the king of spades. That did not figure to cost. If either opponent held the ace, it figured to be North. The lead would blow a trick only in the event that North held the ace, East the jack and South the queen. And it stood to reap a hoge dividend if East held

When the king won, it was a sim-ple matter for West to continue with a spade to East's ace, and ruff the continuation. He then exited with the four of hearts. Declarer stared at that card suspiciously, but finally elected to go with the percentage play nf a 2-1 break by rising with

the ace—down one.

At the other table West made the "safe" lead of the jack of diamonds. Declarer won and cashed the remaining diamond winners for two spade discards. He returned to hand with the ace of clubs and ran the ten of hearts. Next came a heart to the jack, the king of clubs and then the jack. Since it would not help to cover with the queen, East played low. Declarer discarded his remaining spade, and so made all the tricks!

By Harris

HAPRIS 1-14

#### **SPORTS IN BRIEF**

#### Obscene baseball cards

BALTIMORE (AP) - Baltimore Oriole Billy Ripken says he's embarrassed that an obscenity appeared on his bat on a new baseball card, and thinks it may have been a prank by teammates. The baseball card company, Fleer Corp., hastily rubbed out the words, which were discovered Tuesday, about two weeks after the start of distribution of the 1989 cards. Phil Perry, owner of Phil Perry's baseball card exchange in Baltimore, said he believed only 100 or so cards reached Maryland — 18 of which are in his possession. "It (the obscenity) is clear. It's very, very sharp," he said. "I've already been offered \$20 a card."

#### Libya concedes World Cup match in Algeria

TUNIS (R) - Lihya conceded a World Cup qualifying round match to Algeria Friday, saying the two teams were really one and should not compete. A statement by the Libyan Football Federation, broadcast on Libyan radio, said it took the decision in the framework of the unionist plan between Libya and Algeria and in appreciation of Algerian support for Libya against United States aggression. "This stems from our firm belief that the green Jamahiri (Libyan) team and the Algerian team are in fact one team and there be no conventional competition between them," it added. Algiers radio reported earlier that Libya had postponed the match, scheduled for Friday in Tripoli, because it thought the pitch was too close for safety to its controversial factory at Rabta.

#### Malta wants to erase memories of 12-1 thrashing

VALLETTA (R) - Malta bope to erase memories of their burniliating 12-1 defeat hy Spain four years ago when the two teams meet on Sunday in a World Cup, European group six, qualifying soccer match. Malta have improved immensely since that dark day in Seville when they were run off the field in the qualifying round for the 1986 World Cup, and last month they held Hungary to a 2-2 draw. Malta's West German manager Horst Hesse thinks his squad can contain the Spaniards at Valletta's Ta' Quali stadium. Hesse is expected to pack the defence and rely on the opportunism of Carmel Busuttil, who plays for Belgian first division side Ghent. Busuttil scored eight international goals last

#### Kenyan banned for playing S. African

NAIROBI (R) — Kenyan Paul Wekesa was banned on Friday from playing for or in his country for an indefinite period after playing in a doubles match against a South African pair. Kenya National Sports Council Chairman Charles Mukora said the ban, the second in nine months, was for an indefinite period. The 21-year-old Kenyan was suspended last April for defying his country's ban on sporting links with the racially-segregated republic. Wekesa, a student in the United States and the first Kenyan to turn professional, played in a men's doubles match against a South African pair in the Australian Open Thursday.

### The Duchesnays' new routine is a surprise

BRIMINGHAM (AP) — After Isabelle and Paul Duchesnay's wildly, creative jungle dance last year, people are wouldering what they'll do for an encore at this year's world figure skating championship.

The curious will have to wait a while longer.

The French-Canadian brothersister team made an appearance

at the European championships Friday. But it was a non-skating one, as Isabelle is recovering from two operations that are healing slowly and forced the couple to bypass Birmingham.

In thier absence, Marina Klimova and Sergei Ponomarenko led a Soviet sweep of the medals. Klimova and Ponomarenko received two 6.0s for an entertaining, but conventional rontine to music from "The Threepenny

Maia Usova, whose dress for the compulsory routine was severely criticised by a British official for being too revealing, and Aleksandr Zhuim also received a 6.0 in coming in second and taking the silver medal. Natalia Annenko and Genrikh Sretenski were third.

Last year, the Duchesnays came in third at the European championship, where they intro-duced their unconventional jungle routine that created a sensation with its different steps, gestures and outlits.

This year, they did not get a chance to compete. So everyone will have to wait for the world championships two months from wild.

now for the unveiling of their new creation, choreographed by, Christopher Dean with assistance by Jayne Torvill, the British pair who dominated ice-dancing in the early 1980s.

Torvill and Dean were reasponsible for the sudden popular-. I City of ice dancing with their innovative routines on ice such as "Barnum" and "Bolero."

"We bave bad quite a few people ask 'what are you doing, what are your costumes,' what are your themes,"...

"Well, we'd rather not say," Isabelle said.

"They put down the steps and show us the direction to do, Isabelle said of Torvill and Dean. "We worked with them about a month in Oberstdorf (West Ger-

That's where the Duchesnays have been training, away from the news media attention they drew last season when their jung-le dance — and leather-like costumes - created a stir at the Winter Olympics, European and World championships.

"It puts a lot of pressure on us," Paul said. "The new routine is totally different from last year. "Hopefully people will like it and are really looking forward to it."

The innovative steps and gestures choreographed by Dean; caused different reactions. The jndges placed them eighth at the Winter Olympics in Calgary, Canada, but the audience went

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JANUARY 22, 1969

#### YOUR HOROSCOPE - As Charted By the Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: It is schedules to include interesting

a great day to contact that special activities.

a great day to contact that special activities.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) ings may be strong and hard to control. Physical energy is high, so do something exciting that will use this strength to advantage.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Use restraint and avoid flying off the handle over another person's rudeness. Consider the source and let the matter die.

way and free time is needed to take part in latter day sctivities.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) The range of financial possibility is limitless if you stop worrying and make sound choices. Trust fate and your own abilities.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Minor irritations get the day off to a burn start. A short trip, with some adventure thrown in, will turn the day around.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Unusual flare ups sround the house to stay closs to home, for independence and variety will be dependence and variety will be soon news.

good news.
LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Your worksholic approach needs to be compel." What you make of your tempered. Re-arrange time life is largely up to you!

© 1989, McNaught Synd.

rudeness. Consider the source and let the matter die.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)
Scrutinize documents and legal papers carefully before signing. Stay away from credit cards and shopping binges.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)
Keep yourself busy and catch up on chores early. Surprises come your way and free time is needed to take part in latter day activities.

cabin fever by getting out of the loss.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 23)
Laying down the law over household duties may not work to your advantage today. A long walk with nature will help you to relax.

AQUARIUS (Laz. 21 to Feb. 19)
Give plenty of thought to home and dumestic matters. Be patient with a handyman project that may not run as expected.

"The Stars impel; they do not

#### **English League football**

## Arsenal keeps lead with draw

LONDON (R) — Paul Merson spared Arsenal's blushes with a 74th minute equaliser to earn the English first division leaders a 1-1 draw with struggling Sheffield Wednesday Saturday.

Arsenal looked like paying a heavy price for a crop of missed chances when Imre Varadi scored from Wednesday's first threatening attack on the hour.

But Merson stretched the Gunners' lead over second-placed Norwich, who meet Miliwall in a televised match Sunday, to six points with his 10th goal in 13

While Norwich bead the chasing pack, Arsenal would not have been bleased to learn that as they were scorning chances at Highbury, defending champions Liverpool were cruising to a 2-0 win over Southampton.

John Aldridge and Ian Rush scored the goals in a four-minute spell in the second balf and they now trail Arsenal by nine points. Nottingham Forest manager

Brian Clough, on his best behaviour after his televised attack on supporters who invaded the clnh's pitch after Forest's League Cup win over Queen's Park Rangers Wednesday, was given an emotional show of support by fans before the bome match against Aston Villa.

Thousands of fans in the main stand at the city ground stood and clapped their hands above their heads as Clough, who is to be questioned by police about his actions, walked to the touchline

The Forest players also showed their support for Clough with a rousing display. The highlight of their 4-0 win — their seventh in succession - was an 87th minute goal by full back Brian Laws, his first for the club.

challenge for the title with a 2-1 home win over Wimbledon and Manchester United, another of Arsenal's pursuers, came from behind to score their first win over West Ham at Upton Park

for 21 years. Coventry skipper Brian Kilc-line spared himself emharrassment by scoring from the re-bound after Hans Segers bad saved his first balf penalty.

John Scales equalised within two minutes but in-form David Speedie ensured three points for Coventry with his 13th goal of the season in the 66th minute.

West Ham, excelling in cup competitions but desperate for extending their unbeaten run to five matches when Ireland international Liam Brady, who missed a penalty in the League Cup win over Aston Villa Wednesday. gave them the lead from the spot in the 20th minute.

But United, brimming over with youthful talent, stormed 5-1 win over Stoke.

Coventry maintained their hack to win 3-1 with goals by Gordon Strachan and Brian McClair and an own goal by Alvin Martin.

Queen's Park Rangers. another London side in tronhle, bad the chance to end a run of five games without a win when they were awarded a 77th minute penalty in the home match

against Derby. Charlton eased the pressure on themselves near the foot of the table and added to bottom club Newcastle's woes by beating them 2-0 with two strikes by

Frank Pingel, Newcastle's new signing from Danisb club Aarbus. had a miserable start to his league points in the league, looked like career. He was carried off after just two minutes following a clash of heads with Colin Pates.

Sergei Baltacba, the first Soviet player to join an English league club, had a much happier dehut for second division Ipswich. He scored the first of five second half goals as his new team romped to a

## Becker wins his quickest match

#### Players' circuit under fire

(R) - Martina Navratilova accused the men's Professional Tennis Association (ATP) of being greedy and inconsiderate Saturday following publication of its plans for a breakaway tour in 1990.

"It seems the top (male) players did not have much say about what was going on but I find it pretty disappinting that they just went with the almigh-

ty buck.
"To have the Masters and the Slims championship in the same week even though they may be in different continents is pretty silly. I don't see any reason for it," said Navratileva, a director of the women's international tennis association

"We tried to talk to the ATP but they just said "well this is what we are doing — tough." Earlier John McEnroe: launched, a broadside against the ATS . with their bile

#### Graf warms to the Australians

(AP) - Gabriela Sabatini is home in Argentina while Steffi Graf sometimes has a cool relationship with spectators in West Germany, but the two stars of women's tennis have been greeted with nothing short of adulation in Melbourne.

"The crowds here have been amazing," Graf said Friday after her third round singles win over American Marianne Werdel. "They are just so enthusiastic. I have never experienced that sort of enthusiasm - even at home in West GerMELBOURNE (AP) - Boris Becker blasted unseeded Canadian Chris Pridham 6-0, 6-1, 6-2 Saturday to reach the fourth round of the \$2.4million Australian Open tennis championship.

first Grand Slam tournament of the year, took just 70 minutes to demolish his outclassed oppo-The West German served and volleyed with clinical precision

and returned serve superbly. He served 18 aces and won 97 per cent of points on successful first Becker, 21, ranked fourth in the world, showed no mercy on

Pridham, ranked 208th. "I can't ever remember playing a faster match than that," Becker said. "I don't think any Grand Slam match is easy. He (Pridbam) reached the third round here, so be must have played good tennis. But it was his first time on centre court so maybe be was nervous."

Miloslav-Mecir of Czechoslovakia, the ninth seed, and 14thseeded forms Svensson of Sweden won third-round men's singles matches to advance to the last 16.

But 12th-seeded Swede Mikael Pernfors was surprised by bigserving Dutchman Michiel Schap ers, who ousted Boris Becker from the same tournament three years ago. Schapers triumphed 6-7 (4-7), 7-5, 7-6 (7-5), 6-0 after Pernfors was bothered by a neck injury he suffered in the third-set

"I couldn't move my neck," Pernfors said. "It got stiffer and stiffer."

Mecir beat Australian Jason Stoltenberg 6-2, 6-1, 6-3 and enjoyed playing on centre court. There is less wind and it is less disturbing than the outside second and eighth games of each courts," said the Czech, the only seed left in the top quarter of the

Becker, a two-time Wimbledon champion seeded third for the "There have been lots of upsets," he said. "But every match is difficult." Mecir now plays South African

Cbristo Van Renshurg, an amateur magician who made Australian Mark Woodford disappear from the tournament with a 2-6, 6-2, (7-9), 6-4, 6-0 win.
"I was in a good... frame of mind out there," said Van Renshurg, who is scheduled to show

off his magic tricks on a weekend Australian television show. Meanwhilke in the women's competition Martina Navratilova, relishing her role as a tournament underdog, breezed past Czech player Jana Novotna 6-2, 6-2 Saturday to advance to the fourth round of the \$2.4-million Australian Open tennis championships,

Navratilova, a three-time winner of the tournament, took just 53 minutes to steamroll doubles specialist Novoma. The tournament's no. 2 seed behind Grand Slam winner Steffi Graf of West Germany, Navratilova said she was enjoying having the news media's aftention focused on Graf and no. 3 seed Gabriela Sahatini of Argentina and away from ber.

"I don't mind being under-dog," she said. "The fact is I am number two. Steffi, won every-

thing last year.
"I've been a hig favourite before and a big underdog. I've won both ways and lost both ways, but

I'm enjoying myself bere."
The Czecb-born left-hander broke Novotna's serve in the swinging serve bard to bandle.

#### **Ball sense** or nonsense?

(R) — The buzzwords for tennis fans at the Australian Open are 'logo skid'' and "seam rotation" as the balls used at the first Grand Slam tournament of 1989 come under widespread attack.

While journalists listened with a mixture of disbelief and regret that they had given up physics after leaving school men's no. 2 Ivan Lendl explained that the writing on the balls was to blame.

The world number two maintains that if the logos of the manufacturer of tennis Australia printed on the ball hit the court first it would skid through. If any other areas of the ball hit first it will bounce:

as pormal. The Navratilova theory is built on the premise that seams on the balls are of different widths. If you hit a thin seam, you're okay. Hit a thick one and you lose the point.

### Ivanesic: a

name to watch (AP) - Teen-age Yugoslav tennis star Goran Ivanisevic is destined for a place in the top

10 within two years, says the manager who discovered West German ace Boris Becker. Ion Tiriac, manager of two-time Wimbledon champion Becker, said Saturday Ivanisevic reminded bim of the

brilliant Romanian Ilie Nas-

Ivanisevic, 17, continued his surge to prominence Saturday by beating Tom Nijssen of the Netherlands 6-4, 6-4, 6-0 to advance to the round of 16 in the \$2.4 million Australian Open.

#### **Peanuts**



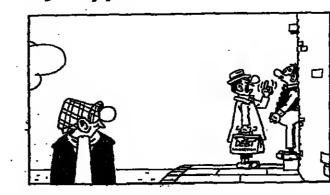




### Mutt'n' Jeff

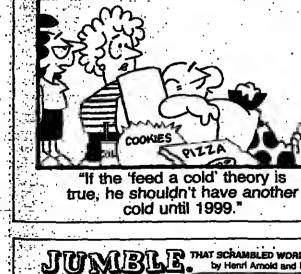


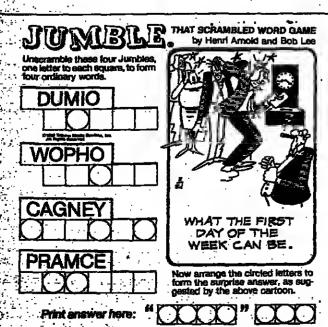
#### **Andy Capp**











Seturciay's Jumbles: AHEAD CABIN FIASCO IMPEND

Answer: Apparently it's a sign of good manners to put up with this—BAD ONES

Astrologer reads

WASHINGTON (R) - Nancy Reagan's favourite astrologer has

some advice for George Bush:

Beware the sun in Gemini, and

never leave home without the secret service. Joan Quigley, a San Francisco astrologer Mrs. Reagan consulted from the White

House, gave a detailed reading of

the President's chart in an article

published in Friday's Washington

Post. She said the stars show

Bush could face an assassination

attempt. "Bush is only the second

U.S. president to bave his sun in

Gemini," she wrote. "The other was John F. Kennedy... in the Umted States' July 4, 1776 birth-

day chart with Gemini rising.

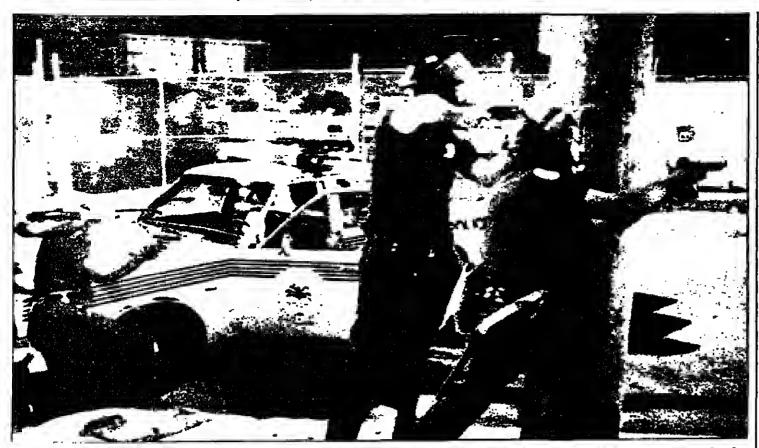
Mars, which bas to do with assas-

sins among other things, is on

Bush's sun, so his protectors must

be tirelessly vigilant. He himself

**Bush's stars** 



Miami police cock their weapons during a six-hour riot in the city'a predominantly black peighbourhood of Overtown last Monday. The rioting, which left cars and several buildings ablaze, began after a white police officer fatally shot a black motorcyclist during a

Japan offers to hold

talks with N. Korea

high-speed chase through the area. The shooting happened only hours after thousands marched in the streets of nearby Liberty City to celebrate the birthday of slain civil rights leader Martin Luther

## King's daughter calls for peace in Miami

MIAMI (R) — The daughter of to give top priority to easing assassinated civil rights leader poverty, joblessness, housing Martin Luther King Junior invoked the memory of her father when she appealed Friday for calm in two of Miami's black neighbourhoods.

"The reality is that violence is not the answer," Yolanda King told a meeting of black leaders.

But King, 33, said the underlying problems that fuelled the unrest had to be addressed by city

Black leaders said the only way to defuse tensions was for the city

TOKYO (AP) - Japan Friday

offered to hold talks with North

Korea on any issue in order to

normalise relations with the com-

any discussions of any type with

North Korea on the entire range

of pending (bilateral) issues, with

no preconditions whatsoever,"

Hitoshi Tanaka, director of the

Foreign Ministry's Northeast

Asia Division, said in releasing a

Tanaka, whose department

oversees Korean affairs, said the

government released the policy

outline "due to the delicacy of the

situation on the Korean penin-

South and North Korea have

recently exchanged a flurry of

proposals - beralding the first

major peace initiative aimed at

ending four decades of confronta-

The Japanese government's

policy statement came just one

day before the scheduled arrival

of a four-memher delegation

from North Korea's workers' par-

ty — the first of its kind sent by

the ruling party. It also addressed

issues brought up in a North

Korean report Jan. 12 that de-

nounced Japan's bostile attitude

toward Pyongyang and deman-ded apology for "past crimes."

porting the perpetuation of divi-

sion desired by neither North nor

South," the Japan statement said.

"Japan does not maintain hostile

policy toward North Korea, and

we recognise that it will be

appropriate... for us to move positively toward improved rela-

"Japan has no intention of sup-

"We are prepared to enter into

munist nation.

policy paper.

problems and rampant crime in

the black community.

The city was quiet Thursday night for the first time since Monday, when the killing of an unarmed black motorcyclist by a white policeman touched off disturbances that left one person dead, 400 arrested and damage estimated at \$1 million.

Police began a limited withdrawal from Miami's overtown and liberty city sections Friday but remained braced for any

tions between Japan and North

After Japan's defeat in 1945.

Korea was split at the 38tb para-

llel. The bloody 1950-53 Korean

war further divided North and

South Korea and the two coun-

tries have yet to sign a peace

also apologised for "past crimes,"

alluding to its cruel colonisation

of Korea up to and during World

of Japan are profoundly aware

"The government and people

In its policy statement, Japan

treaty ending hostilities.

War II.

further disturbances that might affect Super Bowl Sunday after three days of retaliatory racial

With tens of thousands of foothall fans pouring into Miami four Sunday's Super Bowl football championship, police were not letting down their guard. About 200 weary officers patrolled black neighbourhoods and some roadblocks remained in place.

violence.

City officials said they did not expect another round of violence like that earlier this week when crowds of angry blacks clashed million of damage.

with police, looted dozens of shops and hurned 13 businesses.

One potential flashpoint was removed when local black activists dropped plans to blockade Joe Robbie stadium on Super Bowl Sunday in exchange for a meeting wirh Mayor Xavier

This week's outhreak of racial unrest marked Miami's fourth major civil disturbance since 1980, when riots in Liberty City killed 18 people and caused \$100





'A time for tears'

that past actions by Japan have inflicted great suffering on the peoples of nearby lands," the statement said, "and we have been pursuing... peace out of our regret for what happened and our determination that it shall never

happen again." Tanaka said that in moving toward improved ties the government also hoped to press for the speedy release of two Japanese nationals held as spies by North

"We are prepared to improve nur relations with North Korea... and, for that purpose, we would like to resolve the question of the Fuiisan Maru case" involving the two Japanese seamen, he said in a

press briefing. The seamen were seized along with their vessel, the Fujisan Maru number 18, when they returned to North Korea in 1983 after a North Korean defector bad stowed away aboard the ship on a previous visit. In December 1987, the two were convicted of spying and sentenced to 15 years in prison. for Ronald, Nancy LOS ANGELES (R) — Ronald

Reagan, in what he called "a time for tears," flew home to California Friday night, making clear he was upset he was out of the White

Reagan, who handed over the presidency to George Bush carlier after eight years in the White House, had left the trappings of power behind in Washington.. At Los Angeles airport, he and his wife Nancy were given a hometown welcome — two school

bands and salvation army singers. A crowd of 500 supporters waved placards reading "wel-come back Ron and Nancy" and But for Reagan the time to

"California loves the Reagans." leave had apparently come too soon. "I couldn'r say this while I had the job," a solemn-faced ex-president told the crowd. They would bave thought I was

doing this for myself."

dent (to the U.S. constitution) limiting to two terms the presidency is an infringement on your democratic rights.

In a flash of the old Reagan who had frequently clashed with Congress, be added amid the cheers: "I want you to tell this to the congressmen. They're supposed to work for you." On the five-hour flight from

Washington, reporters told Reagan that President Bush bad said be bad to choke back tears at seeing Reagan leave Washington. "I think it's been a time for tears for, f have to say, many

people, but certainly for us, Reagan said. "For a long time, I have bad to accept this day and know it was

coming," said Reagan. At the airport, Nancy Reagan smiled and gazed at the man who awoke as president in a chilly Washington and had returned to "I'm going to suggest to all of you citizens that the 22nd amen-

## Solidarity leaders discuss Communist Party's proposal come only after Saturday's meet-GDANSK, Poland (AP) — Solidarity leader Lech

Walesa Saturday called a meeting of the union's national executive commission to discuss a Communist Party offer to legalise the banned independent trade union.

Walesa earlier attended a raily by about 4,000 workers inside the Lenin shipyard, the birthplace of Solidarity in 1980, but left the speaking to the leaders of the yard's union committee.

He summoned the commission to Gdansk to formulate a response to a Communist Party position paper announced Thursday that would legalise Solidarity under certain conditions. The union has been banned since 1982.

The commission's 20 members and 10 advisers and local Solidarity activists met at Saint Mary's Basilica, several blocks from the shipyard, then movd to a more private meeting place at a convent near the city's old town.

Addressing skeptical workers at the Lenin shipyard during a meeting Friday, Walesa said he also had doubts about the authorities' intentions.

"I don't trust them either," Walesa said in answer to a questioner who accused Polish authorities of lying to workers.

"But if someone gives a chance for pluralism, I take the chance,"

The leftist government threw a

giant party with dancing in the

streets to celebrate the end of

U.S. President Ronald Reagan's

People dressed up Friday as former President Reagan, Uncle Sam and Cardinal Miguel Oban-do Y Bravo, a strong critic of the

leftist Sandinista government.

One float showed Uncle Sam

throwing dollars at the anti-San-

dinista rebels known as the con-

A huge plaza was cordoned off

Elsewhere in Central America,

meanwhile, Panamanians, led by General Manuel Antonio

eight years in power.

for dancing.

be said. A tape recording of the closed meeting was obtained by

Walesa told the workers that for the party, the change in policy was significant.

"They have never proposed pluralism before. And what's even more - economic, union and political pluralism. Our people are checking already today what it may mean in prac-

"If we are really getting economic, social and political pluralism, (I say) 'Thank you very much gentlemen.' It has never happened in the party before. It will mean breaking the monopoly. And that's the point."

After the 90-minute meeting with shipyard workers, Walesa told reporters waiting for him at the gates of the shipyard that he would work to begin long-awaited talks on Poland's future between the government and opposition leaders.

Bnt be said that he was giving his personal view, and the official statement of Solidarity would

bands in a plaza on Panama City's

As soon as new U.S. President

George Bush was sworn in Fri-

day, the Nicaraguan government said it would immediately begin

issuing visas for U.S. diplomats. Nicaragua imposed visa restric-

tions after the countries expelled

eight of each other's diplomats,

including the amhassadors, last

In Managua, a headline in the

ro-government Nicaraguan daily

El Nuevo Diario read, "Hallelu-

jah, Hallelujah, Reagan's

There is pride, satisfaction on

our part, but not celebration of

Noriega, also celebrated victory because the war has not clashes continue, particular Reagan's departure, shooting ended and even if it ends, the southwestern Nicaragua.

Nicaragua, Panama celebrate

MANAGUA, Nicaragua (AP) — fireworks at noon and dancing to

Reagan's White House departure

main thoroughfare.

ing of the executive commission, which has a membership of about 20 regional leaders.

In the past, the commission has followed the recommendation of Walesa, its chairman.

During a wave of strikes in August, the government proposed formal talks that would include Walesa, authorities, the official trade unions and other social groups. After a series of preliminary talks, Walesa refused the invitation until be got a "political decision" from the party to legalise the union again.

This week's Communist Party plenum seems to have satisfied that demand, said Adam Michnik, a senior advisor to Walesa.

Walesa told reporters that be must bargain with authorities because the country's problems are so daunting.

"I will reach toward agreement," he said. "I don't know if I will make it, but I will try. I want to take advantage of all chances for agreement for Poland because we need it so badly."

He referred to the disillusionment of young people and other problems that he said have cropped up in the seven years since the banning of Solidarity in a martial-law crackdown. And be said an accord this time would be "more difficult" than in 1980.

effects cannot disappear at can-not end from night to day,"

Bayardo Arce, vice coordinator

of the ruling Sandinista National Liberation Front's Political Com-

mission, told the front's daily

Fighting in the seven-year-old war bas declined since the Sandi-

nistas and the rebels signed a

tentative cease-fire agreement

last March 23, a month after the

United States stopped military

But negotiations on a perma-

nent peace agreement have been

stalled since September.

Although most of the rebels are

hack in camps in Honduras.

newspaper, Barricada.

aid to the contras.

#### Reagan beats death jinx

cannot be too careful."

WASHINGTON (R) - Ronald Reagan beat the death iinx Friday. When George Bush has sworn into office, ex-President Reagan broke an eerie pattern of fatality that bad haunted the White House since William Henry Harrison became chief executive in 1840. From that day to this, every U.S. president elected in a year ending in zero had died in office. Harrison, a macho Indian-fighting soldier, started matters by shivering through a cold, rainy inaugural ceremony coatless and harebeaded and delivering a one-hour 45-minute speech. His was the longest inaugural address and the sbortest presidency. He died of pneumonia one month later April 4, 1841. Thereafter the death jinx held at 20-year intervals.

#### Parade alarm as hot dogs overheat

WASHINGTON (R) — A sudden blaze raised a brief alarm alongside President Bush's inaugural parade Friday, but the incident turned out to be just a spectacular case of char-broiled hot dogs. Two hot-dog vending carts on a truck parked about half a block from the parade route caught fire well before Bush had reached the area.

## **THE Sunday Crossword**

victory because the war has not clashes continue, particularly in

IT TAKES ALL KINDS By Olive Dunu

Diagramless

ACROSS
1 Word on a lower out 6 Permits
10 Adversary
12 Kind of extent
13 Mountain related



## **WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### Belgian police fear ex-premier dead

BRUSSELS (AP) — Six days after be disappeared, police said Friday they doubted former Prime Minister Paul van den Boeynants has been kidnapped, implying they increasingly feared he had been killed. "I must conclude that we have no proof that a movement or people that have made themselves known have indeed kidnapped Mr. Van den Boeynants," Andre van Doren, the chief investigator, told reporters Friday. Pressed by reporters to say whether he believed the missing politician had been killed, van Doren said: "Murder was among the possibilities from the start, but I must say ir is now gaining ground."

#### Soviet rocket lights up U.S. skies

NEW YORK (AP) - A fireball that hlazed across the night skies of the central United States Friday was a Soviet rocket body launched in December and re-entering the atmosphere, authorities said. Military hureaus and other U.S. agencies including the National Weather Service were swamped by calls from the midwest and the southwest, officials said. "It just appeared all of a sudden out of the south and fell straight due north and it left a line just as straight as could be." Rohin England of Abilene, Texas, told one newspaper, the Ahilene Reporter-News.

#### **Bundy confesses**

TALLAHASSEE, Florida (AP) — Condemned murderer Ted Bundy began confessing Friday to the murders of about 30 women in five Western states, a newspaper reported, and the Florida Supreme Court refused to block his execution. The 42-year-old former law student, whose case was depicted in a U.S. television miniseries, is scheduled to die in the electric chair Tuesday for the Feb. 9, 1978, murder of Kimberly Leach, a 12-year-old Florida girl. Volusia state attorney John Tanner, a friend of Bundy, told the Orlando Sentinel Friday night that be learned of the confessions from law enforcement agents at Florida state prison near Starke, the newspaper said Saturday.

#### 'Sihanouk should lead government'

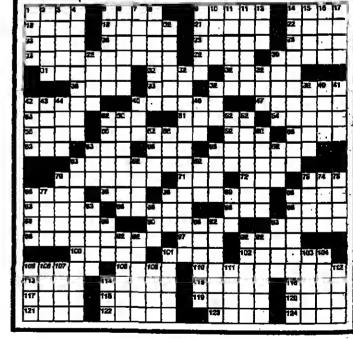
BANDAR SERI BEGAWAN, Brunei (AP) - Foreign ministers of the Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN) said Saturday that former Kampuchean bead of state Prince Norodom Sihanouk should lead any future government in Kampuchea. "(The foreign ministers) reaffirmed their view on a future government in (Kampuchea) that is sovereign, independent, nentral and non-aligned under the leadership of his royal highness, Prince Norodom Sihanouk," said the joint statement. The statement was issued after a one-day meeting of foreign ministers from the association's six member states - Indonesia, the Philippines, Thailand, Malaysia, Brunei and Singapore.

#### **Burma fighting spills into Thailand**

TAK, Thailand (AP) — Mortar shells from fighting between government troops and rebel forces inside Burma fell over the border in neighborring Thailand, destroying 55 bouses and wounding two villagers inside Thailand, an official said Saturday. Colonel Amphol Ngamchit, police chief of Tak province, said a woman and a young girl were wounded when the shells hit Friday in Mae Salit village, which straddles the border with Burma. Damage was estimated at the equivalent of more than \$500,000. The fighting was part of an interest campaign by the Burmase military against the Karen National Union, one of a dozen ethnic minority organisations fighting the central government.

#### Rights court rules against Honduras

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica (AP) — The Inter-American Court on Human Rights Friday declared that Honduras has violated the buman rights of a Honduran man who reportedly disappeared five years ago. In a second, unrelated case, the San Jose-based court also ordered the Honduran government to exhume and identify the body of a man believed to be a Costa Rican man killed for unknown reasons in Honduran territory during a December 1981 vacation. The Inter-American Court of Human Rights is made up of seven international jurists.



Edited by Herb Ettenson

Last Week's Cryptograms

1. By way of proof that Murphy was surely an optimist: If there is something that can't possibly go wrong, it certainly will
2. Alcohol's vile use tarnished good orator's once silver longue.
3. Lush garden with birdbath, suct and seed beckons flocks of wild

songsters.
4. Lazy Eskimo hunter stalked wily walrus in his molorized kayak.

#### CRYPTOGRAMS

1. JOXC LIRMO AVC TQLXZ PIRMO YIM, QL AVA TX VMILY CX12 ZLIPB, TBL QL'2 VWZI

2 ELWJ ECVTHRECWW CKH VKLBHJ EPKTER LA JPAT CDRHB DCYR EBHCT. -By Earl Section

J. WRONG SONG: WBV ART WRIMSN UMI NTYWE'T KOPY IT KSTWY BYP ALENTA

4. BUS TRAKC ZIBLIC ZUUB RA KZPAKTIM

BPCC STOPZ GUNTIM LSGSBS LSZOD.

